DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

BSc. (H) Zoology

Semester II

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE-4 (DSC-4): Non-Chordata: Coelomates

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	the course (if
				Practice		any)
Non- Chordata: Coelomates	04	02	0	02	Class XII pass with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course aims to impart in-depth knowledge about the diverse life forms from the taxonomic positions of Annelida to Echinodermata.
- It will help the students to identify the body plan types of complex non-chordates and their systematic organization based on evolutionary relationships, structural and functional affinities.
- The course will help the students to understand the characteristic morphological, adaptive and anatomical features of diverse animals
- The course will help students to understand the economic and ecological significance of various animals in human life.
- The course will create interest among them to explore and appreciate the animal diversity in nature.

Learning Outcomes

- learn about the importance of systematics, taxonomy, and structural organization of non-chordate coelomates.
- recognize the diversity of non-chordates living in varied ecological habitats.
- critically analyse the organization, complexity and characteristic features of non-chordates.
- comprehend the economic importance of non-chordates, their interaction with the environment and their role in the ecosystem.
- enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical

sessions, teamwork, group discussions, assignments, and projects.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-4

UNIT – I Annelida

General characteristics and classification; Excretion in Annelida; Evolution of coelom and metamerism.

UNIT – II Arthropoda and Onychophora

General characteristics and classification (Special reference to Insecta up to orders); Vision and Respiration in Arthropoda; Metamorphosis in insects; Social life of bees and termite, Evolutionary significance of Onychopora.

UNIT – III Mollusca

General characteristics and classification; Respiration in Mollusca; Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropoda; Pearl formation in bivalves.

UNIT – IV Echinodermata

General characteristics and classification; Water-vascular System in Asteroidea.

Note: Outline classification up to classes to be followed from "Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2004). Invertebrate Zoology: A Functional Evolutionary Approach". VII Edition, Cengage Learning, India.

Practical component -

- 1. Study of Aphrodite, Nereis, Heteronereis, Sabella, Serpula, Chaetopterus, Pheretima, Hirudinaria, Trochophore Iarva.
- 2. Study of T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm.
- 3. Study of *Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Daphnia, Balanus, Sacculina, Cancer, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Julus, Bombyx, Periplaneta,* termite, *Apis, Musca.*
- 4. Study of *Peripatus*.
- 5. Study of Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Patella, Ostrea, Pinctada, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus.
- 6. Study of *Pentaceros/Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria, Antedon*; Any two larval forms.
- 7. Study of mouth parts, digestive system and nervous system of Periplaneta.*
- 8. Study of the digestive system of Pheretima. *
- 9. Submit a Project Report on the larval forms in different phyla OR field study of the insect diversity.

*Subject to UGC approval and guidelines

06 Hours

05 Hours

60 Hours

07 Hours

12 Hours

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2004). Invertebrate Zoology. VII Edition, Cengage Learning, India.
- 2. Pechenik, J. A. (2015). Biology of the Invertebrates. VII Edition,McGraw-Hill Education.
- 3. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis. III Edition, Blackwell Science

Suggestive readings

- 1. Ruppert, E.E., Fox, R.S., Barnes, R. D. (2003). Invertebrate Zoology: A Functional Evolutionary Approach. VII Edition, Cengage Learning, India
- 2. Barrington, E.J.W. (2012). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, EWP Publishers

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE- 5 (DSC-5): Fundamentals of Biomolecules

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credi	t distribu	tion of the		Pre-
Code			course	•	criteria	requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/		of the
				Practice		course (if
						any)
Fundamental	04	02	0	02	Class XII pass	NIL
s of					with Biology/	
Biomolecules					Biotechnolog	
					у	

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide fundamental and precise knowledge of biomolecules that play a crucial role in all processes of life and the development of diseases.
- To make the students understand the fundamental building blocks of living organisms that include carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, nucleic acids
- To apprise the students of the various functions of the molecules like providing structural integrity to the tissue-engineered constructs.
- Through this course, the students would be able to understand the physiological importance of these biomolecules.
- The enzymatic study would enable them to understand the various metabolic pathways and physiological reactions.

Learning Outcomes

- Interpret the structure-functional relationships of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids.
- Understand the qualitative analysis of functional groups
- understand the properties of various biomolecules.
- appreciate the action of the enzyme and the various factors that affect their action detail.

UNIT – I Carbohydrates

Structure and biological importance: with emphasis on aldose, ketose, chiral centre, polarised Light, Fischer nomenclature, Haworth projection formula, mutarotation of glucose, anomers, pyranose, furanose, glycosidic linkage; reducing and non-reducing sugars: monosaccharides, disaccharides, polysaccharides and glycoconjugates.

UNIT – II Lipids

Structure and Significance: Physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, tri- acylglycerols, phospholipids, glycolipids, steroids.

UNIT – III Proteins

Amino acids: Structure, classification and general properties of 2-amino acids; physiological importance of essential and non-essential amino acids; proteins: bonds stabilizing protein structure; Levels of organization in protein motifs, folds and domains; Denaturation.

UNIT – IV Nucleic Acids

Structure: purines and pyrimidines, nucleosides, nucleotides, nucleic acids; Cot Curves: Base pairing, Denaturation and Renaturation of DNA; Types of DNA and RNA.

UNIT – V Enzymes

Nomenclature and classification, cofactors; specificity of enzyme action, Isozymes, Mechanism of enzyme action; Enzyme kinetics; factors affecting rate of enzymecatalysed reactions; derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation, concept of Km and Vmax, Lineweaver-Burk plot, multi-substrate reactions, enzyme inhibition; Allosteric enzymes and their kinetics; Regulation of enzyme reaction.

Practical component – 60 Hours

- 1. Understanding the structures of biomolecules through ball and stick models.
- 2. To understand the preparation and roles of two important biological buffer systems: phosphate and bicarbonate; Preparation of buffers and determination of pH.
- 3. Identification of the functional groups by qualitative tests:
 - a. Carbohydrates
 - b. Lipids
 - c. Proteins
- 4. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography.
- 5. Study the action of salivary amylase under optimum conditions.
- 6. Study the effect of pH, temperature and inhibitors on the action of salivary amylase.

06 Hours

08 Hours

08 Hours

04 Hours

04 Hours

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Nelson, D.L., Cox, M.M. (2017). Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (7th ed.). New York, WH: Freeman Company.
- 2. Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw- Hill Companies Inc.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Stryer, L., Berg, J., Tymoczko, J., Gatto, G. (2019). Biochemistry (9th ed.). New York, WH: Freeman.
- 2. Voet, D., Voet. J. G. (2013). Biochemistry (4th ed.). New Jersey, John Wiley & Sons Asia Pvt. Ltd.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE- 6 (DSC-6): Human Physiology-Control and Coordination Systems

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credi	t distribu course	ition of the	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice		of the course (if any)
Human Physiology- Control and Coordination Systems	04	02	0	02	Class XII pass with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course will provide a thorough understanding of the normal body function and helps to determine the cause of disease.
- It will enable the development of new and more effective treatments and guidelines for maintaining good health.
- It will equip the students with an ability to pursue career in medical and healthcare sector, pharmaceuticals and other related areas.
- It will help in understanding how these systems interact among themselves to maintain stability or homeostasis.

Learning Outcomes

- appreciate human physiology and have its enhanced knowledge.
- recognize and identify principal tissue structures and functions
- understand the functions of important physiological systems including the nervous system, muscular system, endocrine and reproductive system
- learn an integrative approach to understand how these separate systems interact to yield integrated physiological responses to maintain homeostasis in the body along with feedback mechanisms.
- synthesize ideas to make the connection between knowledge of physiology and real- world situations, including healthy lifestyle decisions and problems faced due to homeostatic imbalances
- perform, analyze and report on experiments and observations in physiology
- know the fundamentals and understand advanced concepts so as to develop a strong foundation that will help them to acquire skills and knowledge to pursue an advanced degree.

UNIT – I Nervous System and Sense Organs

Structure of neuron, resting membrane potential, origin and conduction of action potential across the myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers; Types of synapses, synaptic transmission, Neuromuscular junction.

UNIT – II Muscle Physiology

Mechanism of muscle contraction; Characteristics of muscle twitch; Motor unit, summation, and tetanus.

UNIT – III Endocrine System

Hormones secreted by the glands, their physiological action and the disorders related to their secretion; Classification of hormones and their regulation; Mode of hormone action- Signal transduction pathways for peptide and steroid hormones.

UNIT – IV Reproductive System

Physiology of male and female reproduction– spermatogenesis, oogenesis, follicular development, steroidogenesis, implantation, pregnancy, and mammary gland development.

Practical component – 60 Hours

- 1. Classification, structure and functions of tissues: epithelial, connective, muscular and nervous tissue.
- 2. Structure, histology, types and function of bones and cartilage.
- 3. Classification and histological structure of muscle; ultrastructure of striated muscle.
- 4. Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, Striated muscle fibres, Nerve cells.
- 5. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex).
- 6. Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation (Interpretation/ Virtual).
- 7. Study of permanent slides of Mammalian Skin, Spinal cord, Hypothalamus, Pineal, Pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Pancreas, Adrenal, Testis and Ovary.
- 8. Permanent slide preparation from various tissues: Tissue fixation, block preparation, tissue sectioning, H&E staining, microscopy (Minimum three tissues; tissue can be procured from the slaughterhouse).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2012). Principles of Anatomy and Physiology. XIII Edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 2. Widmaier E, Raff H and Strang K. (2013) Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Functions. XIII Edition, McGraw-Hill Education.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-6

08 Hours

08 Hours

07 Hours

07 Hours

- 3. Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011) Textbook of Medical Physiology. XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company.
- 4. Eroschenko, Victor P. (2012) Di Fiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional Correlations; 12th edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Chatterjee, C.C. (2021) Human Physiology, 14th Edition, Volume 1 & Volume II, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Kesar, S. and Vashisht, N. (2007) Experimental Physiology. Heritage Publishers.

Category-II BSc Life Science with Zoology as one of the Core Disciplines

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -6 (Zoo-LS-DSC-06):- Cell and Developmental Biology of Animals

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit dis	stribution of	f the course	Eligibility	Pre-
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice	criteria	requisit e of the course (if any)
Cell and Developmental Biology of Animals Zoo-LS-DSC- 06	04	02	0	02	Class XII pass	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course will help the students to learn and develop an understanding of a cell as a basic unit of life.
- The course will enable them to understand the functions of cellular organelles and how a cell carries out and regulates cellular functions.
- The course will provide the students a complete comprehension about the essential vertebrate developmental biology
- The course will help the students to understand the conundrum of **the different levels of biological complexity** by tracing them back to events at the level of genes and genomes.

Learning Outcomes

- Explain the structure and functions of cell organelles involved in diverse cellular processes.
- Know the evolution of different concepts in developmental biology.
- Be able to understand the process of gamete formation from stem cell population to mature ova and sperm. The students will know the differences between Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis.
- Be able to comprehend the sequence of steps leading to the fusion of gametes and learn the contribution of sperm and ova to zygote formation
- Be able to understand how polyspermy is avoided in animal kingdom.
- Learn the mechanisms underpinning cellular diversity and specificity in animals.

• Learn the methods and tools related to developmental biology help to understand different processes of embryogenesis.

SYLLABUS OF Zoo-LS-DSC-06

UNIT - I Cell Division and Differentiation

Hours Types of animal cells and tissues, Mitosis, meiosis, Cell cycle regulation, Cell-cell communication, Stem cells, Differential gene expression.

03 **UNIT- II: Scope and History of Developmental Biology**

Hours Historical perspective including contributions by eminent scientists and landmark experiments in the field of Developmental Biology, Concepts of Epigenesis, Preformation, Von Baer laws.

UNIT- III: Early Embryonic Development

Hours Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis in mammals; Types of Eggs and Egg membranes Fertilization: External (amphibians) and Internal (mammals), Fast and slow blocks to Polyspermy; Types and Patterns of cleavage; Types of morphogenetic movements; Early development of frog and chick up to gastrulation. Fate maps

UNIT- IV: Late Embryonic Development

Fate of Germ Layers; Formation of neural tube, Extra-embryonic membranes in birds

UNIT- V: Post Embryonic Development

Metamorphic events and its hormonal regulation in amphibians.

Practical Component – 60 Hours

- 1. Study of the various stages of meiosis through permanent slides.
- 2. Frog Study of developmental stages whole mounts and sections through permanent slides- cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail bud stage, tadpole external and internal gill stages.
- 3. Chick Study of Whole Mounts of developmental stages of Chick through permanent slides (HH stages)- 13 hrs, 18hrs, 24hrs, 28hrs, 33hrs, 36hrs, 48hrs, 72hrs and 96hrs.
- 4. Study of the different types of placenta along with its function- through permanent slides / photomicrograph.
- 5. Study of various developmental stages in the life Cycle of Drosophila using stock culture/ permanent slides/ photomicrograph.
- 6. Visit to IVF centre/ Poultry Farm.
- 7. Project report on IVF Centre/ Poultry farm/ Drosophila culture/ Zebra fish culture.

04 Hours

02 Hours

15

06

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Cooper, G.M., Hausman, R.E. (2019) The Cell: A Molecular Approach. VIII Edition, ASM Press and Sinauer Associates.
- 2. Becker, Kleinsmith, and Hardin (2018) The World of the Cell, IX Edition, Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- 3. Gilbert, SF (2014) Developmental Biology (10th edition). Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA. ISBN : 9780878939787
- 4. Balinsky, B.I. (2008). An introduction to Embryology, International Thomson Computer Press.
- Freeman and Bracegirdle (1975, 2nd Edition) "An Atlas of Embryology", Published by Heinmann.

Suggestive readings

- 1. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2009) The Cell and Molecular Biology, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2. Karp, G. (2015). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, VIII Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc
- 3. Kalthoff Klaus (2001) Analysis of Biological Development, 2nd ed. Boston, MA: Mc Graw-Hill, ISBN : 0071180788
- 4. Wolpert, L & Tickle, C (2011) Principles of Developmental Biology (4th edition). Oxford University Press, ISBN: 9780198792918
- 5. Carlson, Bruce M (1996). Patten's Foundations of Embryology, McGraw Hill, Inc. ISBN : 9780070634275

Category-IV

COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES OFFERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-3): Economic Zoology

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit	t distribu the cou	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	
		Lecture Tutorial Practical/ Practice				of th
						e course
Economic Zoology	04	02	0	02	Class XII	NIL
					pass	

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- It deals with the application of zoological knowledge for the benefit of mankind by understanding the economy, health and welfare of humans.
- It includes culturing organisms for mass production for human use and to control or eradicate harmful ones.
- It will bring to the fore the multidisciplinary nature of Economic Zoology as it includes sericulture, apiculture, aquaculture, pisciculture and insect pests of agriculture.

Learning Outcomes

- develop an understanding of the beneficial higher and lower organisms in terms of economic prospective.
- aquatic organisms and agriculturally important insect pests based on their morphological characteristics/structures.
- develop a critical understanding of the contribution of organisms to the welfare of society.
- examine the diversity of insect pests of different orders in the agro-ecosystem and sustainable pest management strategies.

SYLLABUS OF GE-3

UNIT – I Aquaculture

Definition, scope, and significance of Aquaculture, Prawn culture, Pearl culture, Edible Oyster culture.

UNIT – II Pisciculture

Basic concept on mono and composite fish culture (Carp culture); Fish diseases caused by *Ichthyophthirius multifilis, Trichodinia* sp. and *Ichthyobodo* sp., symptoms and control; Maintenance of aquarium.

UNIT – III Sericulture

Different species and economic importance of silkworm, Mulberry and Non-mulberry Sericulture (Eri, Muga, Tussar), Sericulture techniques.

UNIT – IV Apiculture

Different species of Honeybee, types of beehives - Newton and Langstroth, Bee Keeping equipment, Methods of extraction of honey (Indigenous and Modern) and its processing, Products of apiculture industry (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis, Royal jelly, Pollen etc.) and their uses.

UNIT – V Agricultural Crop Pest and Management

Bionomics of crop pests of rice (*Leptocorisa acuta*); sugarcane (*Pyrilla perpusilla*); vegetable (*Raphidopalpa foveicollis*); and stored grain (*Corcyra cephalonica*); Pest Management Strategies (Physical, Chemical & Biological)

Practical component – 60 Hours

- 1. Study of aquatic organisms prawns, oysters and fishes (*any three*) through museum specimens in the laboratory with details on their classification, distribution and specialized features.
- 2. Study of different species of aquarium fishes (Goldfish, Guppy, Swordtail fish) and maintenance of aquarium in lab/indoor.
- 3. Study of major crop pests of rice (*Leptocorisa acuta*), sugarcane (*Pyrilla perpusilla*), vegetable (*Raphidopalpa foveicollis*) and stored grain (*Corcyra cephalonica*) belonging to different orders.
- 4. Study of *Bombyx mori*, its life cycle and economic importance.
- 5. Study of the life history of honeybee, *Apis cerana indica* and *Apis mellifera* from specimen/ photographs egg, larva, pupa, adult (queen, drone, worker)
- 6. Study of artificial hive (Langstroth/Newton), its various parts and beekeeping equipment.
- 7. Project report on life cycle of any one crop pest or on a product obtained from apiculture industry.

05 Hours

08 Hours

07 Hours

05 Hours

05 Hours

8. Field study/lab visit to an apiary/honey processing unit/sericulture institute/aquarium shop/fish farm/pisciculture unit.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Atwal, A.S. (1993) Agricultural Pests of India and Southeast Asia. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Shukla, G.S. and Upadhyay, V.B.: Economic Zoology, 4e, 2002, Rastogi.
- 3. D. B. Tembhare. (2017) Modern Entomology. Published by Himalaya Publishing House (ISO 9001: 2008 Certified).
- 4. Dawes, J. A. (1984) The Freshwater Aquarium, Roberts Royee Ltd. London.

Suggestive readings

- 1. S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh. A Textbook of Fish Biology & Fisheries Published by Narendra Publishing House.3rdEdition. (ISBN13: 9789384337124)
- 2. Dokuhon, Z.S. (1998). Illustrated Textbook on Sericulture. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., Pvt. Ltd. Calcutta.

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practice		course	
Lifestyle Disorders	04	02	0	02	Class XII pass	NIL	

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course aims to introduce the students to the concept of health, nutrition, and the factors affecting it.
- It will apprise students of the prevalence of emerging health issues affecting the quality of life.
- The course will facilitate the understanding of different physical and psychological associated disorders and their management for a healthy lifestyle.
- It highlights the important lifestyle-related disorders and describes the risks and remedies in relation to adopting a better life.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- have a better understanding of lifestyle choices and the diseases associated with them.
- have an in-depth understanding of making better lifestyle decisions.
- learn about various techniques for preliminary diagnosis of lifestyle disorders

SYLLABUS OF GE-4

UNIT – I Introduction to Lifestyle

Traditional Indian lifestyle vs modern Indian lifestyle, lifestyle diseases – definition, risk factors- erratic sleep patterns, wrong food choices, smoking, alcohol abuse, stress, lack of optimum physical activity, illicit drug use, Obesity, respiratory diseases, diet and exercise.

UNIT – II Diabetes and Obesity

Types of Diabetes mellitus; Blood glucose regulation; Complications of diabetespaediatric and adolescent obesity-weight control and BMI (Body Mass Index), Prediabetes, PCOS/PCOD.

05 Hours

05 Hours

UNIT – III Cardiovascular Diseases

Coronary atherosclerosis-Coronary artery disease, Causes-Fat and lipid, Alcohol Abuse-Diagnosis, Electrocardiograph, Echocardiograph, Treatment, Exercise and Cardiac rehabilitation.

UNIT – IV Cancer

Introduction to Cancer and general diagnostic methods to detect cancer; Lung Cancer, Mouth Cancer: associated lifestyle choices, symptoms and treatment.

UNIT – V Hypertension

Risk factors, complications (brain, heart, eye and kidney) and management of hypertension.

UNIT – VI WHO Global action plan and Monitoring

WHO Global action plan and Monitoring framework for prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases, NPHCE (National Programme for the Health Care of Elderly), Fit India movement (Yoga and meditation).

Practical component – 60 Hours

- 1. Estimation of blood glucose (GOD/POD) by kit.
- 2. Calculation of BMI, waist to hip ratio, skin fold test.
- 3. Imaging techniques for cancer diagnosis. CT Scan, MRI, PET-CT scan. Confirmatory Biopsy.
- 4. Blood pressure measurement using a sphygmomanometer.
- 5. Study of cardiac rehabilitation- thrombolytic agents and balloon angioplasty.
- 6. Project Work based on Case studies related to risk factors of any ONE lifestyle disorder studied.

OR

7. To write a review of personal experience of using any of the available health or lifestyle- related applications over a period of time with some data to correlate.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. James M.R, Lifestyle Medicine, 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2013,
- 2. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI edition. John Wiley & Sons
- 3. Cooper, G.M., Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition, ASM Press and Sinauer Associates

Suggestive readings

1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Harcourt Asia PTE Ltd/W.B. Saunders Company.

06 Hours

05 Hours

04 Hours

05 Hours

- 2. Widmaier E, Raff H and Strang K. (2013) Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Functions. McGraw-Hill Education 13th Edition.
- Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

Department of Zoology

SEMESTER-IV BSc (Hons.) Zoology

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -10 – : Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Zoo-DSC-10									
Course title & Code	Credits	Credit Lecture	t distributi course Tutorial	Practical/	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of the course			
-				Practice		(if any)			
Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Zoo-DSC-10	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	Basic knowledge of Vertebrates			

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to impart in-depth knowledge about the structural patterns and a comparative account of the different organ systems of vertebrates.
- to understand the account of the functional and comparative morphology provides a deep understanding of animal diversity and the adaptive changes the vertebrates have gone through during evolution from common ancestors
- to help students identify the body plan types of complex chordates and their systematic organization based on evolutionary relationships, structural andfunctional affinities.
- to apprise the students about the correlation of comparative development to evolutionary biology and phylogeny, and how it helps in classifying animals.
- to enable students to establish the evolutionary links based on fossil records.

Learning Outcomes

- have a better understanding of the evolutionary significance of comparativeanatomy.
- understand the importance of morphology and anatomy of organisms in relationto evolution.
- appreciate the comparative anatomy among vertebrates that provides evolutionary evidences.
- enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, teamwork, group discussions, assignments, and projects.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-10 UNIT 1: Integumentary System Structure and derivatives of integument.	4 hrs
UNIT 2: Digestive System Alimentary canal and associated glands; Dentition.	4 hrs
UNIT 3: Circulatory System General plan of circulation; Evolution of heart and aortic arches.	4 hrs
UNIT 4: Respiratory System Skin, gills, lungs, accessory respiratory organs in fishes, air sacs.	4 hrs
UNIT 5: Skeletal System Outline of axial and appendicular skeleton; Concept of neurocranium, de cranium and splanchnocranium; Structure of a typical vertebra and its class based on centrum; Jaw suspensorium; General plan of girdles and limbs.	
UNIT 6: Nervous System Comparative account of brain; Cranial nerves in mammals.	3 hrs
UNIT 7: Sense Organs Classification of receptors; Structure and function of mammalian eye and ear.	3 hrs
UNIT 8: Urinogenital System Succession of kidney; Evolution of urinogenital ducts; Types of uteri in mamm	3 hrs als.
Practical (Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)	(60 hrs)
 Study of different types of feathers of birds. Study of the disarticulated skeleton of Frog, Varanus, Fowl, Rabbit (Vertek Column, Sternum, Girdles, Ribs, Limb bones). Study of the vertebrate Skull (i) one herbivorous and one carnivorous anir 	
 skull; (ii) one monocondylic and one dicondylic skull. 4. Study of carapace and plastron of turtle/tortoise. 5. Study of the digestive, circulatory and urinogenital system of frog/rat to videos on dissection or through virtual dissections. 	
 Project related to topics covered in theory. Field trips/Documentary film show on vertebrates/Visit to Zoological Paper Producersity Park or Sanctuary. 	ark,

Biodiversity Park or Sanctuary.

8. Student Presentation: Power point presentation on any two animals from two different classes.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Kardong, K.V. (2005) Vertebrate's Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- 2. Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.

Suggestive readings

1. Leiem C.F., Bermis W.E, Walker, W.F, Grande, L. (2001) Functional anatomy of the vertebrates, An evolutionary perspective. III Edition, Brookes/Cole, Cengage Learning.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -11 - : Developmental Biology Zoo-DSC-11

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course Lecture Tutorial Practical			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
					(if any)	
Developmental Biology Zoo-DSC-11	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Basic knowledge of Chordates

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to provide an in-depth knowledge on the embryonic and post embryonic developmental processes.
- to apprise the students of the fascinating aspect of the development of a single fertilized egg to mature into a fully developed complex organism.
- to explain the basic principles and concepts the developmental processes from a single cell system to a multi-cellular system.
- to understand morphogenesis in Sea urchin, Drosophila, Frog and Chick.
- to provide the undergraduate students an in-depth knowledge on the embryonic and post embryonic developmental processes.
- by understanding the developmental processes, the students can relate to errors occurring during development leading to congenital disorders and human diseases.
- to familiarize the students with the technique of IVF and pre-diagnostic methods to identify any abnormality arising during development.
- To make the students aware of the areas of great interest including stem cell therapy, tissue engineering and regenerative medicine.

Learning Outcomes

- appreciate the events that lead to the formation of a multicellular organism from a single fertilized egg.
- better understand the general patterns and sequential developmental stages during embryogenesis.
- gain knowledge of the general mechanisms involved in morphogenesis.
- comprehend the processes of ageing to improve the overall health and quality of life in aged people.

12 hrs

2 hrs

6 hrs

6 hrs

4 hrs

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula (Neural plate, Neural fold and Neural tube stages), tail-bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gill stages)

UNIT- 3: Late Embryonic Development

UNIT- 2: Early Embryonic Development

laboratory.

Syllabus of DSC-11

UNIT-1: Introduction

induction and organizers.

Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in birds; Implantation of embryo in humans, structure, types, and functions of placenta.

• acquire basic knowledge and importance of latest techniques like stem cell

• develop the skill to raise and maintain culture of model system- *Drosophila* in the

Historical perspectives and basic concepts: Phases of development, Pattern

Gametogenesis: oogenesis, spermatogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External and Internal), Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula; Fate maps; Gastrulation in frog and chick, Embryonic

therapy, *in vitro* fertilization and amniocentesis etc.

formation, Differentiation and growth, Cytoplasmic determinants.

UNIT- 4: Post Embryonic Development

Metamorphosis and its hormonal regulation in amphibians and insects; Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each); Ageing: concepts and theories.

UNIT-5: Implications of Developmental Biology

Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development; in*vitro* fertilization, Embryonic stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis.

Practical

(60 hrs)

- Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides (Hamburger and Hamilton Stages): Stage 3 (Intermediate Streak)-13 hours, Stage 4 (Definitive Streak)-18 hours, Stage 5 (Head Process)-21 hours, Stage 7- 24 hours, Stage 8-28 hours, Stage10-33 hours, Stage 11-40 hours, Stage 13-48 hours, Stage 19- 72 hours and Stage 24-96 hours of incubation
- in vivo study of chick embryo development by windowing and candling methods.
 (Demonstration only)
- 4. Study of indirect development and metamorphosis by rearing any one insect.
- 5. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicrographs/ slides).
- 6. Project report on *Drosophila* or any insect culture/Visit to Poultry Farm/IVF Centre
- 7. Student Presentation: Power point presentation on any topic related to developmental biology.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Slack, J.M.W. (2013) Essential Developmental Biology. III Edition, Wiley- Blackwell.
- 2. Gilbert, S. F. (2010) Developmental Biology. IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA
- 3. Carlson, B.M. (2007) Foundations of Embryology. VI Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers.
- 4. Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (2006). An Introduction to Embryology. VIII Edition, International Thompson Computer Press.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Baweja, V. and Misra, M. (2021) E-book on Practical Manual of developmental Biology.
- 2. Arora, R. and Grover, A. (2018) Developmental Biology: Principles and Concepts. I Edition, R. Chand & Company.
- 3. Wolpert, L. (2002) Principles of Development. II Edition, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Kalthoff, K. (2001) Analysis of Biological Development. II Edition, McGraw Hill Publishers.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE- 12: Animal Behaviour Zoo-DSC-12

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit	distribution course	n of the	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		the course (if any)
Animal Behaviour Zoo-DSC- 12	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide an overview of animal behaviour in a scientific study of the wild and the wonderful ways in which animals interact with each other, with other living beings, and with the environment.
- to understand and appreciate different types of animal behaviour, their adaptive and evolutionary significance.
- to equip the students with an ability to pursue career in behavioural ecology other related areas.
- to apprise the students of the versatility of Animal behaviour and its crosstalk among conservation biology, molecular biology, behavioural ecology and integrated pest management.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- comprehend various types of animal behaviour and their importance.
- observe, analyse, interpret and document the different types of behaviour.
- enhance their skills by taking short projects pertaining to Animal behaviour.
- appreciate and develop passion to biodiversity; and respect the nature and environment.
- better understand and relate the fundamentals and advanced concepts so as to develop a strong foundation that will enable them to acquire skills and knowledge.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-12

UNIT- I Introduction to Animal Behaviour

4 hrs

Origin and history of ethology; Pioneers of modern ethology: Karl *von* Frisch, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad Lorenz, Niko Tinbergen; Proximate and ultimate causes of behavior.

UNIT- 2 Mechanisms of Behaviour

Innate behaviour, Instinct, Stimulus filtering, Sign stimuli, Code breakers.

UNIT- 3: Patterns of Behaviour

Orientation: Primary and secondary orientation; Kinesis - orthokinesis, klinokinesis; **Taxis**: tropotaxis and klinotaxis, menotaxis (light compass orientation).

Learning: Associative learning, Classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting;

Reasoning: Intelligence and artificial intelligence.

UNIT- 4: Communication

Importance of communication; Role of Tactile, Chemical, Auditory, Visual stimuli in communication.

UNIT- 5: Social Behaviour

Concept of Society; Insects' society; Honey bee: Society organization, polyphenism and polyethism; Foraging in honey bee, round dance, waggle dance; Experiments to prove distance and direction component of dance; Formation of new hive/queen.

UNIT- 6: Altruism

Altruism, Inclusive fitness, Hamilton's rule

UNIT 7: Sexual Behaviour

Asymmetry of sex; Sexual dimorphism, mate choice; Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry); Inter- sexual selection (female choice); Courtship behaviour, Courtship behavior in 3-spine stickleback; Infanticide; Parental care, sexual conflict in parental care.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Tools, techniques and methods used in studying animal behavior.
- 2. To study nests and nesting behaviour of the birds and social insects.
- 3. To study the behavioural responses of wood lice to dry and humid conditions.
- 4. To study geotaxis behaviour in earthworm.
- 5. To study the phototaxis behaviour in insect larvae.
- 6. To study different types of animal behaviour such as habituation, social life, courtship behaviour in insects and birds, and parental care from short videos/movies. At least two videos for each behaviour.
- 7. Construction of ethogram using suitable data to study animal behaviour.
- 8. Visit to Forest/Wild life Sanctuary/Biodiversity Park/Zoological Park to study and record the behavioural activities of animals and prepare a short report.

3 hrs

6 hrs

(60 hrs)

5 hrs

5 hrs

3 hrs

4 hrs

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. John Alcock, (2013) Animal Behaviour, Xth Edition, Sinauer Associates Inc., USA.
- 2. Manning, A. and Dawkins, M. S, (2012) An Introduction to Animal Behaviour, VI th Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK.
- 3. McFarland, D. (1985) Animal Behaviour, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Rubenstein, D. (2022) Animal Behavior, XIIth Edition, Sinauer Associates, Oxford University Press, UK.
- 2. Gadagkar, R. (2021) Experiments in Animal Behaviour: Cutting-Edge Research at Trifling Cost, Indian Academy of Sciences. David McFarland, Animal Behaviour, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

POOL OF DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE) COURSES

SEM IV

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-5): Bioenergetics and Enzymology Zoo-DSE-5

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &Code	Credits	Credit	distributic course	on of the	Eligibilit ycriteria	Pre- requisite of	Departme nt offering
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		the course	thecourse
Bioenergetic s and Enzymology Zoo-DSE-5	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnolog V	Basic knowledge of Biochemistr Y	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to develop a holistic understanding of the complex enzymatic reactions occurring within body through lectures, practical and laboratory exercises, assignments, seminars and visit to research Institutes.
- to appreciate the basic laws of thermodynamics; free energy, and equilibrium to acquire the knowledge to introspect and understand the core concepts of biochemistry
- to build upon undergraduate-level knowledge of biochemical principles with specific emphasis on concepts of transfer of energy in different metabolic pathways.
- to learn about the basic tools used over and over in biological reactions.

Learning Outcomes

- differentiate between the "high energy" biomolecules with respect to their hydrolysis and group transfers.
- appreciate the energy stored in reduced organic compounds that can be used to reduce cofactors such as NAD⁺ and FAD, which serve as universal electron carriers.
- Increase the understanding of the function of electron-transport chain in mitochondria and the chemi-osmotic theory involved in ATP synthesis.
- explain the thermodynamic basic principles for energy transformation in

biological membranes.

• use spectroscopic and other physical analytical methods to use membrane proteins and biological redox processes.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-5

UNIT-1: Principles of Biophysical Chemistry

Concept of pH, buffers, Principles of thermodynamics: free-energy, entropy, enthalpy, chemical bonds and stabilizing interactions: van der Waals, electrostatic, hydrogen bonding and hydrophobic interactions.

UNIT- 2: Bioenergetics:

Concept of free energy, standard free energy, determination of ΔG for a reaction. Relationship between equilibrium constant and standard free energy change, biological standard state & standard free energy change in coupled reactions. Biological oxidation-reduction reactions, redox potentials, relation between standard reduction potentials and free energy change.

High energy phosphate compounds- introduction, phosphate group transfer, free energy of hydrolysis of ATP and sugar phosphates along with reasons for high ΔG . Transfer of energy: Electron Transport Chain, Bioenergetics of the liver.

UNIT- 3: Kinetics of enzyme action

Concept of ES complex, Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation for uni-substrate reactions. Different plots for the determination of Km and V_{max} and their physiological significances. Importance of K_{cat}/K_m . Kinetics of zero and first order reactions.

Classification of multi substrate reactions with example of each class. Ping Pong random and ordered BiBi mechanisms. Use of initial velocity, inhibition and exchange studies to differentiate between multi substrate reaction mechanisms.

Reversible (glutamine synthase and phosphorylase) and irreversible (proteases) inhibition. Competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive, linear-mixed type inhibitions and their kinetics, Suicide inhibitor.

UNIT- 4: Mechanism of Enzyme Action

Cofactor dependency, pH, temperature and ionic strength dependency; Acid-base catalysis, covalent catalysis, proximity, orientation effect. Strain and distortion theory. Chemical modification of active site groups. Mechanism of action of chymotrypsin.

10 hrs

8 hrs

5 hrs

9 hrs

UNIT V: Enzyme Regulation

Feedback inhibition and feed forward stimulation; Allosteric enzymes: qualitative description of "concerted" & "sequential" models for allosteric enzymes; Half site reactivity, Flip-flop mechanism, positive and negative co-operativity.

UNIT VI: Multi-enzyme system:

Occurrence, isolation and their properties: Mechanism of action and regulation of pyruvate dehydrogenase & fatty acid synthase complexes. Enzyme-enzyme interaction, multiple forms of enzymes with special reference to lactate dehydrogenase.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Titration of a weak acid using a pH meter, preparation of buffers
- 2. Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and determination of absorption coefficients.
- 3. Preparation of cytochrome C from goat/chicken heart and distinguish between different cytochromes in ETC using absorbance spectra.
- 4. Isolation of NAD from brewer's yeast. Calculate Gibbs' Free Energy for electron flowfrom reduced NADH to Oxygen.
- 5. Assay of enzyme activity and specific activity, e.g. acid phosphatase, alkaline phosphates, SGOT, SGPT.
- 6. Determination of K_m and V_{max} using Lineweaver-Burk graph. (Dry experiment).
- 7. Enzyme inhibition calculation of Ki for competitive inhibition. (Dry experiment)
- Perform complex energy calculations that can be applied to biological systems. (Dryexperiment)

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Lehninger by D. Nelson, and M. Cox, (2017) "The principles of Biochemistry", 7 th edition, M.W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 2. D. M. Greenberg, (2014) "Metabolic Pathways", 3rd edition, Academic Press, Elsevier Science & Technology Books,
- 3. David G. Nicholls and Stuart J. Ferguson (2013) "Bioenergetics 4", Academic Press.
- 4. L. Stryer, (2012) "Biochemistry", 7 th edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.

Suggestive readings

- 1 J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko, L. Stryer (2007) "Biochemistry", 6th edition, W. H. Freeman andCompany, New York, NY, 2007.
- 2 D.J. Voet, J.G. Voet, C.W. Pratt, (2008) "Principles of Biochemistry" 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

(30 hrs)

6 hrs ion of

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-6): Cell Growth and Regulation Zoo-DSE-6

Course title & Code	Credits			Eligibility criteria		Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice			of the course	course
Cell Growth and Regulation Zoo-DSE- 6	04	03	Nil	01	Passed XII Biology/ Biotechn	Class with ology	Basic knowledge of Cell Biology	Zoology

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to enable students to learn biological phenomenon at cellular level
- to develop an understanding of cell function and its regulatory mechanisms.
- to understand cell division, cell cycle and its regulation, growth factors, survival factors; cell cycle control systems and checkpoints.
- to provide in-depth knowledge on various experimental skills and histopathological studies used in clinical and research laboratories
- to acquire knowledge in the areas of cellular malfunctioning causing serious health conditions such as autoimmune disorders, cancers etc.

Learning Outcomes

- appreciate the diverse cellular processes, cell signaling, and cellular interactions.
- Know more about the defects in cellular functioning and molecular mechanisms that can lead to diseases and disturb the homeostasis of the body.
- to elucidate the roles of cell signalling in gene regulation
- appreciate differences in normal and cancer cell, apoptosis vs. necrosis; cell death and cell renewal
- observe stem cells and their applications in therapeutic cloning and regenerative medicine.
- Know the fundamentals of targeted cancer therapies and molecular approaches to cancer treatment.

UNIT 1: Cell division, Cell Cycle, and its Regulation

A brief study of stages and events during mitosis and meiosis; overview of cell cycle; mitogens, growth factors, and survival factors; cell cycle control system: components and mechanisms; cell cycle checkpoints.

UNIT- 2: Cell Signaling

SYLLABUS OF DSE-2

Types of cell-cell signaling, signaling molecules, and cell receptors; components of a generalized signaling pathway; examples of two pathways: GPCR/ cAMP/ PKA/ CREB/ target gene and a nuclear receptor pathway (to elucidate roles in gene regulation).

UNIT 3: Gene Regulation

Concepts of positive and negative gene regulation; principles of eukaryotic transcriptional regulation of genes; concepts of activators, repressors, silencers, and enhancers.

UNIT-4: Cell Death and Cell Renewal

Apoptosis vs. necrosis; intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of programmed cell death; stem cells and maintenance of adult tissues; cells in culture and cell lines; embryonic and induced pluripotent stem cells and their applications in therapeutic cloning and regenerative medicine.

UNIT 5: Cancer Biology

Hallmarks of a cancer cell; types and causes of cancer; oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes; tumor viruses; correlation of cell signaling, gene regulation, cell cycle control, and cell death in cancer development (any one example); targeted cancer therapies/molecular approaches to cancer treatment.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Principles of Microscopy.
- 2. Preparation of a temporary slide of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis.
- Study of various stages of meiosis through permanent slides. 3.
- 4. Cell culture techniques: preparation of media, seeding, thawing and maintenance of cell culture, trypsinization and cryopreservation
- Measurement of cell growth: Direct count by Trypan blue and Indirect count by 5. Spectrophotometer.
- Calculation of Doubling Time based on given data. 6.
- 7. Assessment of metabolic activity by MTT.
- Study of monolayer (in Roux Bottle, Roller bottle, Plastic film, Optical culture system, 8. Bread Bed reactors, Heterogenous reactors). Suspensions (stirred bioreactors, continuous flow cultures, air lift fermenter) and immobilized cultures.

10 hrs

7 hrs

9 hrs

9 hrs

10 hrs

(30 hrs)

9. Project related to topics covered in theory/ project report based on visit to labs/institutions/industry etc.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Karp, G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6th edition. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- 2. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009) The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th edition. ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.

Suggested readings

1. Alberts et. al., (2008) Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Science, Taylor & Francis Group, New York, USA.

2. Lodish et. al., (2007) Molecular Cell Biology, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-7): Fish and Fisheries Zoo-DSE-7

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		of the course	course
Fish and Fisheries Zoo-DSE- 7	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Nil	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To offer an insight about the climatic conditions that favours fish growth and reproduction.
- to understand the importance of fish as a rich source of animal protein.
- To learn the basic concepts and knowledge of fish biology and its applications.
- to equip the student with a balanced and complete scientific understanding of fisheries.
- to enable students to learn more technical skills to generate entrepreneurial skills and suitable employment opportunities.
- to acquire knowledge of the pathogenic and pathological basis of fish diseases including infectious diseases caused by viruses, prokaryotes, protozoans, helminthes, vector borne and zoonotic diseases.
- To learn about nutritional deficiencies and lifestyle diseases, endocrine diseases and cancer.

Learning Outcomes

- acquire basic knowledge of physiology and reproduction in fishes.
- analyse different kinds of water and identify/differentiate among various kinds of fishes.
- equip the students with the knowledge on the procedures for artificial and induced breeding which can be learnt by visiting any fish farm or demonstrated in research labs in college/Departments.
- have more knowledge of the in-land and marine Fisheries in India and to explore ways in which it can contribute to the Indian economy.
- know more about the different methods of fishing and fish preservation

which can be employed for export and storage of commercial fishes.

• develop skills for entrepreneurship or self-employment in fisheries-related business.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-7

UNIT-1 Introduction and Classification

General description of fish; Account of systematic classification of fishes (upto classes); Classification based on feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction. Brief introduction to transgenic fishes.

UNIT-2 Morphology, Physiology and Behavior

Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fishes; Hydrodynamics; Types of Scales, Gills and gas exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy; Osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs, Schooling; Parental care; Migration.

UNIT-3 Fisheries

Inland Fisheries; Estuarine Fisheries, Marine Fisheries; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources; Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations.

UNIT – 4 Aquaculture

Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Brood stock management; Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish hatcheries; Preparation of compound diets for fish; Role of water quality in aquaculture; Post harvest handling techniques and Fishery by-products.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Study of specimens- Petromyzon, Myxine, Pristis, Chimaera, Exocoetus, Hippocampus, Gambusia, Labeo, Heteropneustes, Anabas (at least one fish from each class).
- 2. Study of different types of scales by preparing a temporary/permanent mount.
- 3. Study of air breathing organs in Channa, Heteropneustes, Anabas and Clarias.
- 4. Demonstration of induced breeding in Fishes and hatchery management (video/visit tofisheries institute/fish farm).

Demonstration of the setting up of a fish aquarium, and its management/maintenance.

- 5. Study of parental care in fishes through visual media and resources.
- 6. Study of different methods of fish tagging.
- 7. Determination of fish density in a pond by Peterson's mark recapture method.
- 8. Project Report on a visit to any fish farm/pisciculture unit.

17 hrs

8 hrs

14 hrs

(30 hrs)

6 hrs

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Pandey, K. and Shukla, J.P. (2013) Fish and Fisheries. Rastogi publication, India
- 2. Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. (2008). Aquahouse: New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.
- 3. Norman, J.R. A History of Fishes. Hill and Wang Publishers. Khanna, S.S.and Singh, H.R. (2014) A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Narendra, Publishing House.
- 4. Bone, Q. and Moore, R. (2008) Biology of Fishes. Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Srivastava, C.B.L. (2008) Fish Biology. Narendra Publishing House.
- 2. Jhingran, V.G. (1982) Fish and Fisheries in India. Hindustan Publication Cooperation. India.

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-8): Parasitology Zoo-DSE-8

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Department offering the	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course	course
Parasitology Zoo-DSE- 8	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechn ology	Basic under- standing of parasitic animals	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To enable the students to see, appreciate and understand the diversity of parasites
- to learn about Parasitology that will enable students to diagnose parasites correctly, understand their life cycle and control them effectively and use some of them as bio control agents
- to acquire understanding of study of life cycles of parasites, that can help in defying the stigmas and religious taboos for many societies making free many of the people from superstition and ill health.
- to make the students aware about the possible scope of the subject which includes research and applied aspects including entrepreneurial skill

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- better understand the variation amongst parasites, parasitic invasion in animals; applicable to medical and agriculture aspects
- Identify the stages of the life cycles of parasites and their respective infective stages. develop ecological model, on the base knowledge of population dynamics of parasites.
- comprehend the different methods adopted by parasites to combat with the host immune system.
- develop skills and realize significance of diagnosis of parasitic attack and treatment of patient or host.

 analyse and interpret the case studies to highlight innovative researches, serendipities towards the advancement and enrichment of knowledge in the field of Parasitology.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-8

UNIT- 1: Introduction to Parasitology

Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid and Vectors; Host parasite relationship

UNIT- 2: Parasitic Protists

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Trypanosoma gambiense and Plasmodium vivax*.

UNIT- 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Fasciolopsis buski, Schistosoma haematobium* and *Taenia solium*

UNIT-4: Parasitic Nematodes

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Ascaris lumbricoides*, *Ancylostoma duodenale*, *Wuchereria bancrofti* and *Trichinella spiralis*.

UNIT- 5: Parasitic Arthropoda

Biology, importance and control of ticks, mites, *Pediculus humanus* (Head and Body louse), *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius*

UNIT- 6: Parasitic Vertebrates

A brief account of parasitic vertebrates; Cookicutter Shark, Hood Mockingbird and Vampire bat.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Study of life stages of *Entamoeba histolytica, Trypanosoma gambiense*, and *Plasmodium vivax* through permanent slides/micro photographs.
- 2. Study of adult and life stages of *Fasciolopsis buski, Schistosoma haematobium* and *Taenia solium* through permanent slides/microphotographs.
- 3. Study of adult and life stages of *Ascaris lumbricoides, Ancylostoma duodenale* and *Wuchereria bancrofti* through permanent slides/microphotographs.
- 4. Study of *Pediculus humanus* and *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius* through permanent slides/ photographs.

10 hrs

3 hrs

10 hrs

8 hrs

4 hrs

(30 hrs)

- 5. Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh/marine fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by-product of the industry]
- 6. Submission of a brief report on parasites (anyone phylum).
- 7. Visit to rural area/hospital near rural area/NCDC/NIMR/NICD to study the natural history and diagnostics of parasites.

Essential/recommended readings:

- Parija, S. C. (2013) Textbook of Medical Parasitology, Protozoology & Helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), IV Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, New Delhi.
- 2. Ichhpujani, R.L. and Bhatia, R. (2009) Medical Parasitology. III Edition, Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Ahmed, N., Dawson, M., Smith, C. and Wood, Ed. (2007) Biology of Disease. Taylor and Francis Group.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Chatterjee, K. D. (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBSPublishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.
- 2. Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors
- 3. Noble, E.R. and Noble, G.A. (1989) Parasitology: The Biology of Animal Parasites. VIEdition, Lea and Febiger

COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-8): Exploring Animal World Zoo-GE-8

Course title &	Credits	Credit	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility criteria		Pre- requisite	Department offering the
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice			of the course	course
Exploring the Animal world Zoo-GE-8	04	02	Nil	02		Class with blogy	NIL	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to overview the concepts of invertebrate and vertebrate animals, including sponges, cnidarians, comb jellies, flatworms, nematodes, annelids, molluscs, arthropods, echinoderms, invertebrate chordates, fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals.
- to enable students to understand the diversity within different groups, and interrelationship among different species and genera within each group of animals.
- to learn the hierarchy, body plan and their role in ecological development of animals.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Learn about the importance of systematics, taxonomy, and structural organization of non-chordates and chordata.
- Appreciate the diversity of animals living in varied habits and habitats.
- Understand evolutionary history and relationships of different animals through functional and structural affinities.
- better understand coelom formation, different levels of organization, role of macronutrients and micronutrients, their nutritional requirements for different age groups during various health conditions.

SYLLABUS OF GE-8

UNIT-1: An Introduction to the Animal Kingdom Non-chordates <i>vs.</i> Chordates; Outline of Coelom, Body symmetry, Leonganization	2 hrs evels of
UNIT-2: Kingdom Protista General characters of Protozoa; Locomotory organelles	2 hrs
UNIT- 3: Porifera General characters of Phylum Porifera, Canal system in Porifera	2 hrs
UNIT- 4: Radiata General characters of Phylum Cnidaria & Ctenophora; Polymorphism	2 hrs
UNIT- 5: Helminthes General characters of helminths (Platyhelminthes and Nemathelminths) Adaptations	3 hrs ; Parasitic
UNIT- 6: Coelomates (Non-chordates) General characters of Phylum Annelida; Metamerism General characters of Phylum Arthropoda; Vision in insects General characters of Phylum Mollusca; Pearl Formation General characters of Phylum Echinodermata, water vascular system in starfish	6 hrs
UNIT- 7: Lower chordates (Protochordata) Salient features of Protochordates (Hemichordates, Urochordate Cephalochordates)	1 hr s and
 Unit 8: Higher chordates General characters of Vertebrates: Cyclostomes; Cartilaginous and Bony fishes; Catadromous and Anadrom migration. Amphibians; Adaptations for Terrestrial Life Reptiles; Poisonous and Non-poisonous Snakes Aves; Flight Adaptations in birds Mammals - Prototheria, Metatheria and Eutheria. 	12 hr ous
Practical (Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)	(60 hrs)
1. Study of specimens- Non-chordates:	

Euglena, Noctiluca, Paramecium; Sycon; Physalia, Tubipora, Meandrina; Taenia, Ascaris; Nereis, Heteronereis, Aphrodite, Hirudinaria, Peripatus; Limulus, Cancer, Daphnia, Julus, Scolopendra, Apis, Termite; Chiton, Dentalium, Octopus; Asterias and Antedon 2. Study of specimens- Chordates:

Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Amphioxus; Petromyzon; Sphyrna, Pristis, Hippocampus, Exocoetus, Diodon/ Tetradon; Icthyophis/ Uraeotyphlus, Bufo, Hyla, Salamandra; Rhacophorus, Draco, Uromastix, Naja, Viper;

Any three common birds (Crow, duck, Owl); Funambulus, Loris and Bat

- 3. Study through Permanent Slides:
 - i) Cross Section of Sycon, and Ascaris (male and female).
 - ii) T. S. of Earthworm passing through Pharynx, Gizzard, and Typhlosole region of intestine.
 - iii) Septal and Pharyngeal Nephridia of Earthworm.
 - iv) Placoid and Cycloid Scales in Fishes.
- 4. Study of Organ Systems (through videos/animations/photographs/dissections*:
 - i) Digestive System of Cockroach;
 - ii) Urinogenital System of Rat
- * subject to UGC guidelines

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Young, J.Z. (2004) The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2003) Invertebrate Zoology. A Functional Evolutionary Approach, VII Edition, Thomson Books/Cole.
- 3. Parker T.J. and Haswell W.A. (1972). Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates. VII Edition, Volume II. Blackwell, Hoboken

*Note: Refer Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (VII Ed.) for the classification of invertebrates;

Suggestive reading

- 1. Saha, G.K. and Mazumdar, S. (2017). Wildlife Biology: An Indian Perspective. PHI learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Campbell and Reece (2005). Biology, Pearson Education, (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Mann Raven, P.H. and Johnson, G.B. (2004). Biology, VI Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publications. New Delhi.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-9): Microbiota: Importance in Health and Disease Zoo-GE-9

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit			Eligibility criteria		Pre- requisite	Department offering the
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical			of the course	course
Microbiota: Importance in Health and Disease Zoo-GE-9	04	02	Nil	02	Passed XII Biology/ Biotechn	Class with ology	NIL	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to acquaint students with the basic concepts of microbiota that coexist with the human being both in health and in different pathologies.
- To enable students to understand how microbiota undergoes changes as a consequence of the influence of multiple factors, diet, lifestyle, pharmacological treatments generating alterations in this bacterial ecosystem.
- To compare the role of our microbiota in behavior, mood, and development.
- to make the students aware of the microbial communities that reside within or upon us, and how they impact our health.
- To acquire knowledge about the interactions between the different types of microbiota and their host in different pathophysiological situations.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Identify the components of the human microbiota and their major characteristics.
- Learn the key approaches and techniques used to identify and quantify the bacterial, fungal, archaeal, protozoan, and viral components of the microbiota.
- Identify the common members of the microbiota and their influence on various body systems including the skin, upper and lower respiratory system, oral and the lower digestive system, urinary and reproductive systems, the immune system, and the nervous system in healthy and diseased states.
- Compare the role of our microbiota in behavior, mood, and development.
- Appreciate the emerging treatment approaches for microbiota-associated illnesses.

SYLLABUS OF GE-9

UNIT-1: Microbes

Introduction to microbes, general approaches and techniques used for studying microbiota, the nature of microbiological problems, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms.

UNIT-2: Introduction to the Human Microbiome

Importance of human body environment for growth of a variety of microorganisms, concept of contamination, infection and disease, septicaemia, Acute and subacute bacterial endocarditis.

a) Microbial Diseases of the Respiratory System: Tuberculosis; Common cold,

b) Microbial Diseases of the Eyes: Conjunctivitis, Trachoma; Viral Diseases of the Eye.

c) Microbial Diseases of skin: Bacterial diseases of the skin: Acne, folliculitis, boils, cellulitis, Infections of burns and surgical wounds, gangrene, Leprosy. Viral Diseases of the Skin: Chicken pox;

Fungal Diseases of the Skin: Candidiasis.

d) Microbial Diseases of the Nervous System: Bacterial diseases: Tetanus, Viral diseases: Polio/Rabies; Protozoan diseases: Trypanasomiasis

e) Microbial Diseases of the Oral Cavity and Digestive System: Bacterial diseases: Dental caries; Cholera, Gastroenteritis; Fungal diseases: Aflatoxin poisoning, Ergot poisoning; Viral diseases: Mumps; Protozoan diseases: Amoebic dysentery, Giardiasis

f) Microbial Diseases of the Urinary/Reproductive Systems: Bacterial diseases: Syphilis; Viral diseases: genital warts; Protozoan diseases: Trichomoniasis; Fungal diseases: Vaginitis

UNIT- 3: Microbiota and the Immune System Development 5 hrs

Normal flora, transient flora opportunistic microbes, Pathogenicity, virulence, and factors that increase virulence (enzymes, toxins), Factors that affect the spread of disease, Nonspecific immune responses, Specific immune responses: humoral and cell mediated immunity

UNIT- 4: Human Microbiota in Health and Disease

Basic concept of Gut microbiota in the mother-child environment, Gut microbiota and cancer; Microbiota and viral diseases- An opportunity for COVID-19. Relationship between diet and the intestinal microbiota, Probiotics, prebiotics and other "biotics".

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

(60 hrs)

5 hrs

4 hrs

- 1. Bacterial shapes and arrangements Cell wall, Cell membrane, Glycocalyx, Endospores, Flagella, Cytoplasmic inclusions, Cytoplasmic structures/organelles, Bacterial growth curve, Physical factors affecting microbial growth.
- 2. To understand Good Lab practise: The effectiveness of hand washing and sterilization.
- 3. To understand microbial morphology by Gram Staining.
- 4. To appreciate bacterial anatomy by Acid-fast Staining.
- 5. Environmental Factors affecting growth of microorganisms: Temperature, pH and Osmotic Pressure.
- 6. Bacterial growth curve and evaluation of factors affecting microbial growth.
- 7. Isolation of normal microbiota from the human Body (Nose, Throat, or Skin).
- 8. Effects of chemical agents on bacteria growth (Kirby-Bauer method).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Leboffe, M. J and Pierce; B. E. (2014) A Photographic Atlas for the Microbiology Laboratory, 5th Edition, Morton Publishing Company.
- 2. Michael Wilson (2005) "Microbial Inhabitants of Humans-Their Ecology and Role in Health and Disease"; Oxford University Press, UK.

Suggestive readings

 Nina Parker, Mark Schneegurt, Anh-Hue-Thi Tu and Brian M. Forster; (2016) "Microbiology"; 1st Edition, OpenStax Resource.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-10): Insect Vector and Disease Zoo-GE-10

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	Departmen t offering	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course	thecourse
Insect Vector and Disease Zoo-GE-10	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL	Zoology

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to familiarize the students with a variety of diseases caused by insects.
- to learn the complex interactions between the transmission by Insect-borne pathogens affecting human health.
- to acquire knowledge of how the insects can only be controlled and prevented by studying their biology, modalities of pathogen transmission
- to enable students to evaluate the associated risk factors and devising new efficient techniques to control these insects.
- to help understand the environmental pressures caused by stagnant water.
- to motivate students to pursue a career in Health Management.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- identify different insects and classify them based on their morphology and behaviour.
- describe the host-pathogen relationships and the role of the host reservoir on transmission of parasite.
- explain various modes of transmission of parasite by insect vectors.
- recognize various possible modern tools and methodologies for laboratory diagnosis, surveillance and treatment of diseases.
- develop a critical understanding of insect transmitted diseases such as Zoonotic, Vertical and Horizontal transmission, host specificity etc.
- spread awareness on public health programs about insect borne diseases and their control.

• To use advanced management strategies in disease control with respect to parasite evolution

SYLLABUS OF GE-10

UNIT-1: Introduction to Insects

General Features of Insects, Classification of insects up to Orders- General features of orders, Morphological features: Head, legs and types of antennae. Types of Insects mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits: siphoning type (butterfly), sponging type (housefly), biting and chewing type (cockroach), piercing and sucking type (mosquito), chewing and lapping type (honey bee).

UNIT-2: Concept of Vectors

Brief introduction to carriers and vectors (mechanical and biological vector); Insect reservoirs; Host-vector relationship; Vectorial capacity; Host Specificity; Modes of disease transmission - vertical and horizontal transmission. Insects as vectors: General adaptations in insects to act as vectors.

UNIT- 3: Dipterans as disease Vectors-I

Dipterans as important insect vectors-Mosquitoes. Study of mosquito borne diseases-Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Filariasis, Viral encephalitis. Control and prevention/cure of diseases caused by mosquitoes. Study of sand fly-borne diseases-Visceral Leishmaniasis, Cutaneous Leishmaniasis; Control of Sand fly; Study of house fly as important mechanical vector, Control of house fly.

UNIT- 4: Siphonapterans as disease vectors

Fleas as insect vectors; Study of flea borne diseases – Plague, typhus fever; Control and prevention/cure of diseases caused by fleas.

UNIT- 5: Siphunculata as disease vectors

Human louse (head, body and pubic louse) as disease vectors; study of louse borne diseases – Typhus fever, relapsing fever, vagabond's disease, phthiriasis; Control of human louse and prevention/cure of diseases caused by them.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Study of different kinds of mouth parts and legs of insects through slides/specimens
- 2. Study of insect vectors through permanent slides or photographs: Mosquitoes (Aedes, Culex, Anopheles), lice [head, body (Pediculus), pubic (Pthirus)], Flea (Xenopsylla cheopis), sand fly (Phlebotomus), house fly (Musca domestica)

8 hrs

5 hrs

5 hrs

7 hrs

5 hrs

(60 hrs)

- 3. Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors using photographs.
- 4. Project report on any one disease transmitted by insect vector.
- 5. Optional field trip/Lab. visit to institutes such as NIMR, NCDC.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Mullen and Darden (2009) Medical and Veterinary Entomology, 3rd Edition, Academic Press.
- 2. Service, M.W. (1980) A Guide to Medical Entomology, Macmillan Press.

Suggestive readings

1. Burgess, N.R.H and Cowan, G.O. (1993) A colour atlas of medical entomology. Springer Science and Business Media, B. V. House.

BSc. (Life Science) - Zoology Component (Semester - IV)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE-12 (Zoo-LS-DSC-12):- Fundamentals of Human Physiology

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		of the course (if any)
Fundamentals of Human Physiology Zoo-LS-DSC-12	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Chemistry/ Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to learn the fundamentals that underpins the health and well-being of living organisms.
- to study the internal working of organs and organ systems.
- to expand their knowledge with respect to functioning of various organ systems such as muscular, nervous, digestive, circulatory, respiratory, excretory, reproductive and endocrine in humans.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Have an enhanced knowledge and appreciation of human physiology
- Recognize and identify principal tissue structures and functions
- Better understand the functions of important physiological systems including the nervous system, muscular system, endocrine and reproductive system
- Learn an integrative approach to understand how these separate systems interact to yield integrated physiological responses to maintain homeostasis in the body along with feedback mechanism.

SYLLABUS OF DSC- 12

UNIT-1: Nerve and Muscle

Structure of a neuron, Resting membrane potential, Graded potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation in myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres, Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle, Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction.

UNIT-2: Digestion

Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohydrates,

4 hrs

UNIT-3: Respiration

Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacities, Transport of Oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood.

UNIT- 4: Excretion

Structure of nephron, Mechanism of urine formation, Counter-current Mechanism.

UNIT- 5: Cardiovascular system

Structure of Heart, Origin and conduction of the cardiac impulse, Cardiac cycle.

UNIT- 6: Reproduction and Endocrine Glands

Physiology of male reproduction: hormonal control of spermatogenesis; Physiology of female reproduction: hormonal control of menstrual cycle. Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, Parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal gland.

Practical:

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Preparation of haemin and haemochromogen crystals.
- 2. Estimation of WBC and RBC count of blood.
- 3. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer.
- 4. Determination of Blood Pressure by Auscultatory method.
- 5. Lung function tests using Spirometry (Determination of Vital Capacity, Peak Expiratory Flow Rate. Lung Volumes and Capacities).
- 6. Measurement of oxygen saturation by pulse oximetry before and after exercise.
- 7. Experiments on superficial (plantar) and deep (knee jerk) reflex.
- 8. Study of permanent histological sections of mammalian pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal gland, duodenum, liver, lung, kidney, bone, cartilage.
- 9. Project on Family planning devices.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2009) Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, XIVth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T. (2008) Vander's Human Physiology, XI Edition., McGraw Hill.
- 3. Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011) Textbook of Medical Physiology. XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company.
- 4. Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). Di Fiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Kesar, S. and Vashisht, N. (2007) Experimental Physiology. Heritage Publishers.
- 2. Prakash, G. (2012) Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics.

4 hrs

5 hrs

4 hrs

6 hrs

SEMESTER - VI

BSc. (H) Zoology DSC-Animal Biotechnology Zoo-DSC-16

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of thecourse			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisit
		Lecture Tutorial Practical/ Practice				e of the course (if any)
Animal Biotechnology Zoo-DSC-16	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to introduce students to the principle, practices and application of biotechnology.
- to familiarize the students with the basic concept of genetic engineering.
- to enable students to solve problems focusing on health, medicine, agriculture and environment etc.
- to learn scientific and engineering principles related to the processing/production of the recombinant proteins.
- to equip the students with the skills advanced tools and techniques used in biotechnology to acquire skills to pursue a career in biotechnology.
- to make the students aware of the scope of biotechnology which encompasses almost every field of science like engineering, research, commercialization and academics.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- Enable students to make a strategy to manipulate genetic structure of an organism for improvement of any trait.
- Comprehend the ethical and social issues regarding GMOs.
- Gain knowledge of DNA isolation, Agarose gel electrophoresis, PCR, transformation etc.
- Execute the application of recombinant DNA technology in designing research project.
- Acquire technical skills required for joining research labs/industry/institute/pharmaceutical etc. including entrepreneurship.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-16

UNIT-1: Overview of Biotechnology

Aim and scope; applications in biotechnology.

UNIT-2: Basic Tools for Gene Manipulation

Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics); Restriction enzymes; DNA modifying enzymes; Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method, electroporation and biolistic methods, construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridization.

UNIT- 3: Advance Tools and Techniques

Gene Editing Tool: Zinc Finger, TALEN, Clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats (CRISPR/Cas9) system.

UNIT- 4: Genetically Modified Animals

Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection; Applications of transgenic animals; Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knock-out mice.

UNIT- 5: Applications of Genetic Engineering

Molecular diagnosis of genetic diseases (Cystic fibrosis, Sickle cell anemia): RFLP based, Allele specific oligonucleotide dot blot method, PCR- Oligonucleotide ligation assay; Recombinant DNA in medicines: recombinant insulin and human growth hormone, Gene therapy.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Isolation of genomic DNA from E. coli.
- 2. Isolation of plasmid (pUC 18/19) from E. coli.
- 3. Detection/ Visualization of DNA using Agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 4. Construction of circular and linear restriction map from the data provided.
- 5. Calculation of transformation efficiency from calcium chloride method.
- 6. Study of different blotting techniques: Southern, Northern and Western.
- 7. DNA sequencing: Sanger method, Next generation sequencing (Illumina).
- 8. Study of Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and DNA microarrays.
- 9. Study and interpretation of DNA fingerprinting.
- 10. Submission of Project report based on any of the topics above (theory/practical)

52

8 hrs

10 hrs

8 hrs

3 hrs

o nrs

(60 hrs)

1 hr

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Brown, T.A. (2010) Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis. VI Edition, Wiley-Blackwell publishing (Oxford, UK), ISBN: 978-1-4051-8173-0.
- 2. Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. and Patten, C.L. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology-Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA. IV Edition, ASM press, Washington, USA.
- 3. Primrose, S.B., and Twyman, R. M. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. VII Edition, Blackwell publishing (Oxford, UK)

Suggestive readings

- 1. Clark, D. P. and Pazdernik, N.J. (2012) Biotechnology, Academic Press.
- 2. Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy, A. and Witkowski, J.K. (2007) Recombinant DNA Genes and Genomes- A Short Course. III Edition, Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -17 - : Methods in Biostatistics

Zoo-DSC-17

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	requisite ofthe course (if any)
Methods in Biostatistics Zoo-DSC-17	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to provide an overview of the fundamental concepts of biostatistics.
- to apprise students to the various statistical methods and software tools for understanding data analysis in biological sciences.
- to familiarize students with basic training and develop skills required for analysis of experimental data in biological sciences.
- to encourage students to pursue higher studies or career in biostatistics as Data Analyst, Data Scientist, Software Developer, Machine Learning Analyst, Research Scientist, Academicians, etc.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- better understand the basic concepts of Biostatistics and its various applications in different fields of biological sciences.
- acquire basic skills to set up hypothesis and design research studies.
- enable students to differentiate among various experimental designs and apply appropriate statistical tests.
- develop the skills to collect and represent data in tabular and graphical forms.
- analyze data and interpret experimental results using calculator, spread sheets software and online/offline software tools.

Syllabus of DSC-17

UNIT-1: Introduction to Biostatistics

Aim and scope; applications in biological sciences.

UNIT- 2: Statistical Data

Sampling methods; Primary and secondary data; Qualitative and quantitative data; Discrete and continuous data; Presentation of data-graphical representation of data.

54

1 hr

55

UNIT-3: Descriptive Statistics

Concepts of statistical population and samples, parameter and statistics; Measures of Central tendency and Dispersion - Mean, Median and Mode (grouped and ungrouped data); Variance, Standard Deviation and Standard Error; Coefficient of Variance.

UNIT- 4: Probability and Distributions

Normal, Binomial and Poisson; Skewness and Kurtosis.

UNIT- 5: Testing of Hypothesis

Null and Alternative hypotheses; Concepts of statistical errors - Type I and Type II errors; Confidence Intervals and Confidence levels.

UNIT- 6: Statistical tests

Chi Square tests; Z test, t Tests - paired and unpaired; F test (one way ANOVA).

UNIT-7: Correlation and Regression

Correlation Coefficient; Linear regression analysis.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- To learn calculation and graphical representation of data with computers (e.g. MS Excel/SPSS/SigmaStat/Prism).
- 2. To compute Coefficient of Variance from data collected and measure variability.
- 3. To collect data on different parameters (e.g. height/weight) of animal/plant samples and test for significance, difference between mean, mode and median.
- 4. To compute 'test of independence' and 'goodness of fit' with samples/data provided using Chi square test.
- 5. To perform Z test/ F test (ANOVA) for given samples/data provided.
- 6. Submission of Project report based on field studies (sample collection, data analysis and interpretation using above statistical tests).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Daniel, W.W. and Cross, C.L. (2018) Biostatistics: Basic Concepts and Methodology for the Health Sciences 11th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Motulsky, H. (2016) Essential Biostatistics: A Non-mathematical Approach Oxford University Press

Suggestive readings

1. Zar, Jerrold H. (1999). Biostatistical Analysis, IV Edition, Pearson EducationInc and Dorling Kindersley Publishing Inc. USA

NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

2 hrs

4 hrs

6 hrs

4 hrs

(60 hrs)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE- 18: Evolutionary Biology Zoo-DSC-18

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit dist	Credit distribution of the course			Pre-
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	requisite of the course(if any)
Evolutionary Biology Zoo-DSC- 18	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to understand evolutionary forces leading to the variations and diversification of species.
- to learn about deciphering evidences ranging from fossil records to molecular data and to establish phylogenetic relationships of species.
- to gain knowledge of the processes and patterns of biological evolution.
- to get acquainted with origin and evolution of man.
- to acquire problem solving and high order analytical skills by attempting numerical problems as well as performing simulation studies of various evolutionary forces in action.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- gain knowledge about the relationship of the evolution of various species and the environment they live in.
- apply knowledge gained, on populations in real time, while studying speciation, behaviour and susceptibility to diseases.
- better understand the study of variations, genetic drift to ensure that conservation efforts for small threatened populations are focused in right direction.
- predict the practical implication of various evolutionary forces acting on the human population in the field of human health, agriculture and wildlife conservation.
- use various software to generate interest towards the field of bioinformatics and coding used in programming language.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-18 UNIT- 1 Historical Review of Evolutionary Concepts Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism	2 hrs
UNIT- 2: Beginning of Life Chemogeny, RNA world, biogeny, origin of photosynthesis, endo-symbiotic theor	3 hrs Y
UNIT- 3: Evidences of Evolution Palaeontological: geological time scale; phylogeny of horse; Molecular: neutral theory of evolution, molecular clock, example of globin gen rRNA/Cyt c.	5 hrs le family,
UNIT- 4: Raw Material for Evolution Variations: Heritable variations and their role in evolution	3 hrs
Unit 5: Process of Evolution Qualitative studies: Natural selection, types of natural selection, artificial selection selection, adaptive resemblances, sexual selection, frequency dependent selection Quantitative studies: Natural selection (concept of fitness, selection coeffic genetic drift (founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon), migration and mu (genetic load).	on. cient),
UNIT- 6: Product of Evolution Speciation: micro-evolutionary changes (inter-population variations, clines, species, races), species concept, isolating mechanisms.	4 hrs Ring
UNIT- 7: Extinction Mass extinctions (events, causes and effects), Detailed explanation of K-T extinct	3 hrs ion

UNIT-8: Origin and Evolution of Man

Unique hominin characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from *Dryopithecus* leading to *Homo sapiens*, molecular evidences in evolution of modern human.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

1. Study of fossils (types, forms and dating) from models/pictures.

2. Study of homology, analogy and homoplasy from suitable specimens.

3. Study different modes of speciation and Adaptive radiation/macroevolution by suitable examples.

4 hrs

(60 hrs)

4. Study of variations in a sample human population: (a) Continuous variation: Height/Weight in relation to age and sex (b) Discontinuous variation: Ability/Inability to taste Phenylthiocarbamide (PTC).

5. Study of Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium: statement, assumptions, derivation of the equation and its verification by chi square analysis.

6. Demonstration of role of natural selection and genetic drift in changing allelic frequencies using simulation studies.

7. Construction of cladograms based on morphological characters.

8. Introduction and construction of Phylogenetic trees with the help of bioinformatics tools (Clustal X/W, Phylip, MLK/MP/NJ) and its interpretation.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Roberts, A. (2018) Evolution: the human story, Dorling, Kindersley Ltd.
- 2. Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B. (2013). Evolution. V Edition, Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- 3. Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B. (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- 4. Barton N.H., Briggs D.E.G., Eisen J.A., Goldstein D.B. and Patel N.H., (2007) 1st Ed. Evolution, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Futuyma, Douglas and Mark, Kirkpatrick (2017) 3rd Ed. Evolutionary Biology, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Zimmer C. and Emlen D. J., (2013) 1stEd. Evolution: Making Sense of Life, Roberts & Co.
- 3. Pevsner, J. (2009). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. II Edition, Wiley Blackwell.
- 4. Ridley, M. (2004). Evolution. III Edition, Blackwell publishing.

POOL OF DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE) COURSES

SEM VI

ZOOLOGY-DSE-14: Nanobiotechnology

ZOOLOGY- DSE-15: Human Endocrinology

ZOOLOGY- DSE-16: Toxicology

ZOOLOGY- DSE-17: Research Methodology

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-14): Nanobiotechnology Zoo-DSE-14

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course
Nano- biotechnology Zoo-DSE-14	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to make the students aware of concept of Nanobiotechnology.
- to acquire the knowledge to introspect and understand the core concepts of nanotechnology.
- to equip the students with the concepts of biotechnology required for understanding the behaviour of nano-biomaterials.
- to develop a holistic understanding of the complex cellular processes occurring after treatment with nanoparticles.
- to provide in-depth knowledge of the body's response to nanotherapeutics.
- to appreciate the potential benefits and challenges of nanomedicine.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- better understand the basics of nanobiotechnology and the nanoscale paradigm in terms of properties at the nanoscale dimension.
- acquire skills to optimize the synthesis of nanoparticles.
- appreciate the interaction between biomolecules and nanoparticle surfaces and theirapplications.

removal of organics, inorganics and pathogens.

UNIT- 5 Nanotoxicity:

Basics of cellular toxicity: Effect of size, shape, surface properties and composition on

- assessments involved in using bio-nanobiomaterials.
 to provide a critical and systematic understanding of cutting-edge technology at
- SYLLABUS OF DSE-14

the process and interactions of nanoparticles within the cells.

analyze the process of nanoparticle internalization inside the cell and to evaluate

• better understand the practical, real world biosensing technologies such as

• ability to understand the ethical, societal responsibilities and identify the risk

UNIT- 1: Introduction to Nanobiotechnology,

enzyme-based biosensors.

the forefront.

•

Overview of nanobiotechnology - timelines and progress.

UNIT-2: Fundamentals of Nanobiomaterials

Properties of Materials: Bulk materials *vs* nanomaterials, Biomaterials and synthetic materials; Types of nanocarriers/nanoparticles: Metals, Lipids, Polymeric nanoparticles (Liposomes, polymeric micelles, quantum dots, iron nanoparticles, carbon nanotubes), nanoscale assembly of microorganisms (virus, diatoms, bacteria); Nanofabrication: Top-down- Ball Milling; Bottom- up approaches-synthesis of metal oxides by green synthesis and chemical synthesis; nano-herbal formulations.

UNIT -3: Nanocarriers for Drug Delivery

Drug Delivery Systems (DDS): Oral delivery, Systemic delivery, Controlled drug release; Transdermal drug delivery (Examples: Intranasal Drug Delivery and Ocular Drug Delivery); Active and passive nanocarriers- Concept of targeting, Multifunctional Nanoparticles: Inorganic and organic nanoparticles and their biomedical applications; Improvements in pharmacokinetics, bioavailability, biodistribution.

UNIT-4: Applications of Nanobiotechnology

Health and Diseases - Infectious and chronic diseases; Vaccines - Lipid nanoparticles, Viral nanoparticles

Diagnostics: Enzyme Biosensors and Diagnostics, DNA-Based Biosensors and Diagnostics, nano-immunosensors. Improved diagnosis by *in vivo* imaging- detection of tumours and genetic defects.

Environmental Pollution: Environmental Nanoremediation Technology- Thermal, Physico-Chemical and Biological Methods, nanofiltration for treatment of waste

7 hrs

14 hrs

60

10 hrs

12 hrs

the toxicity of nanoparticles; genotoxicity and carcinogenicity – Mechanisms and Tests. Risk assessment of Nanoparticle exposure, Prevention and control of nanoparticles exposure.

Practical

(30 hrs)

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

1. Biosynthesis of nanoparticles: plants/microbial and its follow up with visible spectroscopy.

- 2. Synthesis of Iron oxide nanoparticles by using chemical methods.
- 3. Characterization of nanoparticles: Electron microscopy (scanning and transmission), atomic force microscopy; nanoparticle analyzer, zeta potential measurement, spectroscopic techniques including spectrophotometer.
- 4. Cell counting and cell viability study of a non-adherent cell (Hepatocyte) culture.
- 5. Antibacterial studies of nanoparticles by minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) method.
- 6. Isolation of DNA and demonstration of apoptosis by DNA fragmentation.
- 7. Study of cell and nanoparticle interaction (Video demonstration).
- 8. Enzyme-based biosensors, e.g., the blood glucose sensor (Video demonstration).

9. Array-based DNA "biochip" sensors with fluorescence detection (video demonstration).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Niaounakis, M. (2015) "Biopolymers: Applications and Trends", 1st Edition, Elsevier.
- 2. Guterres, N., Silvia S., Alves, O. L. (Eds.) (2014) Nanotoxicology: Materials, Methodologies, and Assessments, Springer New York, USA.
- 3. Hillery, A. M.et al. (2010) "Drug Delivery and Targeting", CRC Press.
- 4. Torchillin, V. (2006) Nanoparticulates as Drug Carriers, Imperial College Press,

Suggestive readings

1. Kesharwani, P., Singh, K. K. (Eds) (2021) Nanoparticle Therapeutics: Production Technologies, Types of Nanoparticles, and Regulatory Aspects; Academic Press Inc.

2. Pieter Stroeve and Morteza Mahmoudi (2018) Drug Delivery Systems, World Scientific Series: From Biomaterials towards Medical Devices, Vol I.

3. Mao Hong Fan, Chin-Pao Huang, Alan E Bland, Z Honglin Wang, Rachid Sliman, Ian Wright. (2010) Environanotechnology; Elsevier.

4. N. Yao and Z. L. Wang, Handbook of Microscopy for Nanotechnology, Springer New York, NY (2005).

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-15): Human Endocrinology Zoo-DSE-15

Course title &Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture Tutorial Practical/ Practice			of the course	
Human Endocrinology Zoo-DSE- 15	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to enable students to learn endocrinology with special emphasis on the human endocrine system covering the anatomy, physiology and biochemistry of the system, biological phenomenon at cellular level
- to provide detailed information on the release, effect and functioning of hormones.
- to acquire knowledge about the role of hormones as therapeutic agents.
- to acquaint students with experimental skills used in clinical and research laboratories

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- comprehend the endocrine system and properties of hormones.
- understand the importance of endocrine system and its role in maintenance of homeostasis.
- gain in-depth knowledge of the molecular mechanism of hormone action and its regulation.
- better appreciate the regulation of physiological process and its implication in diseases.
- acquire information about human endocrine disorders.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-15

UNIT-1: Introduction to Endocrine Physiology

Introduction to the endocrine system and major glands (pituitary, pineal, adrenal, thyroid, parathyroid, testis, pancreas, ovaries, and GI tract), Classes of hormones, Modes of hormone secretion.

UNIT-2: Neuroendocrinology

General organization of nervous system and neuroendocrine organs; Neurons: Structure, types, distribution and characteristics; Introduction to Neuropeptides, Neurosteroids and neurohormones.

The hypothalamo-hypophyseal axis; Hypothalamo-vascular system; hypothalamic hormones: chemistry, physiology and its regulation. Hypothalamo-hypophyseal interactions with the gonads, adrenal and other endocrine glands.

Neuroendocrine regulation of immune system; Stress hormones and immune response. Neuroendocrine disorders: genetic *versus* environmental causes (sleep apnea, precocious puberty).

UNIT- 3: Molecular Endocrinology

Hormones as chemical messengers for control and regulation of physiological processes. Structure and biosynthesis of peptide, protein and steroid hormones; Storage, secretion and regulation of hormones; Mechanisms of hormone action: Receptor and non-receptor mediated signalling; Feedback mechanisms in signalling pathways.

UNIT- 4: Hormones as Therapeutic Agents

Therapeutic use of hormones in health and disease (cancer, biological clock regulation, metabolic dysfunction, stress management, growth hormone disorders).

Current developments in design and production of hormonal contraceptives. Recombinant protein hormones: production and application in regulation of fertility (Hormone replacement therapy, hypogonadism, PCOS/PCOD, xeno-estrogens and its effects on male fertility).

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

- 1. Simulation of dissection and virtual display of endocrine glands in rat model.
- 2. Study of the permanent slides of the major (pituitary, pineal, adrenal, thyroid,

parathyroid, testis, pancreas, ovaries, and GI tract) endocrine glands.

- 3. Estimation of plasma level of any hormone using Immunoblot/ELISA.
- 4. Chromatographic separation of steroid hormones using paper chromatography.
- 5. Visit to endocrine laboratory/hospitals/clinics.
- 6. Project work/survey-based project on any endocrine disorder.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. David O. Norris, James Carr (2021) Vertebrate Endocrinology, V Edition, Elsevier.
- 2. J. Larry Jameson, Leslie De Groot (2010). Endocrinology, VI Edition, Elsevier.
- 3. Hadley, M.E. and Levine J.E. (2009). Endocrinology. VI Edition. Pearson Prentice Hall, Pearson Education Inc., New Jersey.

(30 hrs)

10 hrs

4. Franklin F. Bolander (2004) Molecular Endocrinology. III Edition, Academic Press USA.

Suggestive readings

1. Handbook of Physiology published by American Physiological Society by Oxford University Press, Section 7: Multiple volumes set, 1998.

2. Endocrinology: An Integrated Approach. BIOS Scientific Publishers (<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK22/</u>).

3. Turner, D. (1977) General Endocrinology. VI Edition, Saunders.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES (DSE-16): Toxicology Zoo-DSE-16

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title& Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibilitycriteria	Pre- requisite	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course	
Toxicology Zoo-DSE- 16	04	03	Nil	01	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL	

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to gain insight about basic toxicology, nature and classification of toxins and its mechanism.
- to learn about daily exposure types, dose response curve and toxicity episodes of toxic substances.
- to understand the chemistry, kinetics, metabolism and excretion of toxins.
- to enable the students to understand the aspects of environmental, medical and forensic toxicology.
- to elucidate the role of instruments and techniques in studying toxicology.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- acquire in-depth knowledge of the principles of toxicology, exposure and doseresponse assessment.
- use technical and analytical skills to quantify the level and effect of xenobiotics on environment.
- better understand the mechanism of action and effects of toxic chemicals at multiple levels of biological organization.
- identify relationship between chemical exposure and its effect on physiological system.
- perform, analyse and interpret technical aspects and experimental approaches for toxicological research testing and risk assessment.

SYLLABUS OF DSE-16

UNIT-1: Principles of Toxicology

8 hrs

History and scope of toxicology, nature and classification of toxins, mechanism of toxicity, risk assessment-animal bioassays, dose-response assessment.

UNIT- 2: Toxicokinetics:

Transportation, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of toxins, enzyme mediated biotransformation (hydrolysis, reduction, oxidation, conjugation), and toxicokinetics (one-and two-compartment, elimination, clearance, saturation).

UNIT-3: Applied Toxicology

Environmental Toxicology: Ecotoxicology, Food, Agrochemical and Industrial Toxicology-Fertilizers and pesticide toxicology, Heavy metal toxicity, solvent & vapors toxicity, radiation/ radioactive toxicity.

Medical, and Forensic Toxicology: Organ's responses to toxins (pulmonary, hepatic, renal, cerebral, cardiac-blood vascular, nervous system, organs of immune system, ocular, dermal, reproductive and endocrine systems) toxicity, Poisons: definition, classification of poisons, types of poisoning, mode of action, antidotes & factors modifying the action of poisons, Nanotoxicology, Carcinogens, Immunotoxicity (immune modulation, xenobiotic-induced hypersensitivity & autoimmunity).

Developmental and Occupational Toxicity: Dosemetrics, Dysmorphogenesis, maternal & environmental effects on fetus, workplaces, associated agents, routes and span of exposures and standards, dose determination, diseases/ ailments, risk evaluation.

UNIT- 4: Tools and Techniques in Toxicology:

Instruments (Chromatography- TLC, GLC, HPLC), Soxhlet apparatus, flash evaporator, Lyophilization

UNIT- 5: Regulatory Units

Role of institutes *viz.* EPA (Environmental Protection Agency), TERI, CSE (Center for science and environment) and CPCB, FAO, European union norms etc.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 2 hours each)

1. Determination of the LD_{50} /LC_{50} with the help of data.

2. Minimum inhibitory concentration of a toxin/ pesticide/ heavy metal/ tobacco.

3. Effect of a toxin/ pesticide/ heavy metal on any live organism (microbes/ animal/ plants).

4. Comparative study of normal and intoxicated sections of organs with the help of permanent slides/ pictorial representation (pulmonary, hepatic, renal, cerebral, cardiac-blood vascular, nervous system, organs of immune system, ocular, dermal, reproductive and endocrine systems - any three organs).

5. Separating techniques for toxin/s- Chromatography: Paper/ Thin Layer/ Column.

6. Techniques of HPLC, GLC (Dry Lab).

10 hrs

4 hrs

3 hrs

(30 hrs)

7. Routes of administration of drugs for the treatment regimens (Dry Lab).

8. Project work based on visit to institute of toxicology/ forensic science/ public health/ laboratory /hospital.

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Woolley, D. and Woolley, A. (2017). Practical Toxicology- Evaluation, Prediction and Risk, Third edition, CRC press, Taylor and Francis Group/
- 2. Stine, K. E. and Brown, T. M. (2015). Principles of Toxicology, Third edition, CRC press, Taylor and Francis Group
- 3. Hayes, W. and Kruger, C. L. (2014). Hayes' Principles and Methods of Toxicology, VI edition, CRC press, Taylor and Francis Group.
- 4. Eroschenko, V. P. (2008), De Fiore's Atlas of Human Histology with functional correlations, Eleventh edition, Wolter Kluwer, Lippincott William and Wilkins.
- 5. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S (2006) Principles of Anatomy & Physiology, XI edition. John Wiley & Sons.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Pani, B (2019). Textbook of Toxicology, Dreamtech press.
- 2. Gad, S. C. (2018). Regulatory Toxicology, III edition, CRC press, Taylor and Francis Group.
- 3. Casarett & Doull's Essentials of Toxicology (2015), III Edition, A & L Lange Series.
- 5. Pandey, G. and Sahni, Y. (2013) Toxicology Laboratory manual. International E-Publication.
- 6. Freifelder, D. (1999). Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Second Edition, W. H. Freeman and Company.

COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-14): Model Organisms in Research Zoo-GE-14

Course title & Code	Credits				Eligibility Criteria	Pre- requisite of the course
		Lecture Tutorial Practical/ Practice				
Model Organisms in Research Zoo-GE-14	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to make the students aware about the requirement of model organisms in biological research.
- to understand the simulation of human traits in model organisms.
- to familiarize the students about the suitability and availability of different model organisms.
- to aware students about the ethical issues involved in using animals for research in laboratories.
- to give insight about the database systems available of different model organism.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- better understand the concept of model organisms and their advantages.
- appreciate various types of model organisms used in biological research.
- gain better knowledge of how the model organisms can be used for modelling of human diseases.
- have an insight on the ethical issues related to handling and maintaining laboratory animals and plants.
- design simple experiments with model organism.
- determine the type of model organisms that are suitable to answer the specific research questions.

UNIT-1: Introduction

Model organisms: Definition, requirement, characteristics and selection.

UNIT-2: Commonly used Model Organisms

Characteristics, establishment and maintenance, specific application of following model organisms in research:

Viruses (Bacteriophage λ -phage, T4); Bacteria (*Escherichia coli*); Fungi (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*); Ciliates (*Tetrahymena*); Annelids (*Caenorhabditis elegans, Lumricusterrestris*); Arthropods (*Drosophila melanogaster*); Pisces (*Danio rerio*); Amphibians (*Xenopus laevis*); Mammals [Rodents (*Mus musculus*), *Rattus rattus* (Rat) and Primates]; Plants (*Arabidopsis thaliana*).

UNIT- 3: Model organism specific databases

Saccharamyces genome Database, EcoCyc, Flybase, Xenbase, Wormbase, Zfin, Mouse genome informatics, Tetrahymena genome Database, The Arabidopsis Information Resource etc.

UNIT-4: Ethical consideration

Brief introduction about CPCSEA, IAEC and related regulatory bodies.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Preparation of culture medium for *E. coli* and study the growth kinetics of *E. coli*.
- 2. Preparation of culture medium for *Drosophila* and study different stages of life cycle of *Drosophila*.
- 3. Preparation of culture medium for ciliates and their growth kinetics.
- 4. Study different phases of cell cycle in ciliates.
- 5. Culturing of *C. elegans*/ earthworm and Zebra fish and perform eco-toxicological studies.
- 6. Demonstration of culturing of mammalian cell lines/ visit to eukaryotic cell culture facility.
- 7. Visit to animal house and/ or plant culture facility and prepare the report on maintenance of laboratories animal/plant.

Essential/recommended readings

 Jarret, R. L. and McCluskey, K. (2021) The Biological Resources of Model Organisms, 1st Ed, CRC Press.

20 hrs

(60 hrs)

2 hrs

- 2. Ankeny, R. A. and Leonelli, S. (2020) Concept of Model Organisms; Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Emerging model organisms: A laboratory manual, Volume 2, lab manual edition (2010), New York, USA: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Wang, W., Rohner, N., Wang, Y. (2023) Emerging Model Organisms; SpringerLink.
- 2. Jarret, R. L. and McCluskey, K. (2021) The Biological Resources of Model organisms, Taylor and Francis group.
- 3. Carroll, P. M. and Fitzgerad, K. (2003) Model Organisms in Drug Discovery, Wiley.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-15): Nanobiology Zoo-GE-15

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title& Code	Credits	Credi	t distribution course	Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course
Nanobiology Zoo-GE-15	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to acquaint students with the basic concepts of Nanobiology.
- to equip the students with the concepts, properties and behaviour of nanobiomaterials.
- to provide a critical and systematic understanding of cutting-edge technology.
- to give an overall concept regarding the prominence of nanomaterials and their classification, synthesis process

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- better understand the interaction of biomolecules with surfaces of different chemical and physical species.
- appreciate the different applications of various types of nanostructured materials.
- gain knowledge of the types of nanoparticles based on size, shape, surface properties and composition.
- interpret/ analyse and get insight into the applications in the field of medicine.
- use basic principles of microfluidics to solve biotechnical and bioanalytical problems.
- appreciate the multidisciplinary nature of Nanobiology.
- develop skills in high-tech instrumental techniques suited for characterization of the micro/nano- structural properties.

SYLLABUS OF GE-15

UNIT-1: Nanobiology

Definition and concepts, Development of nanobiotechnology/nanobiology, timelinesand progress.

UNIT-2: Biomaterials

Bulk materials *vs* nanomaterials. Different types of materials used to synthesize nanoparticles, Top-down approach, and bottom-up approach. Classification₂₀04f

2 hrs

nanoparticles based on size, shape, surface properties and composition; bio-inspired nanomaterials. Nanoscale assembly of cellular components (cell membrane and liposomes). Nanoscale assembly of microorganisms (virus, diatoms, bacteria).

UNIT- 3: Nanomedicine

Drug encapsulation, drug delivery and gene delivery, Active and passive targeting by ligands and receptor-mediated delivery, Interactions of nanoparticles with biological membranes and ion channels. Applications of nanomedicines in diagnostics: biosensor-based techniques like optical, colorimetric, and electrochemical, point-of-care diagnostics tools like lab-on-chip device, lateral flow immunoassay.

UNIT- 4: Environmental applications

Nanoadsorbents, release of nutrients and pesticides, Nanoremediation, Nanopollution: air - water - soil contaminants, Treatment of industrial wastewaters using nanoparticles.

UNIT- 5: Nanotoxicity

Effect of nanomaterials on human health, nanomaterial-cell interaction, Concept of cytotoxicity and genotoxicity, Future perspectives of Nanobiology.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Synthesis of silver/gold nanoparticles from plants extracts and follow up with visible spectroscopy.
- 2. Synthesis of Iron oxide nanoparticles by using chemical methods (Tyndall effect).
- 3. Characterization of nanoparticles: Electron microscopy (scanning and transmission), atomic force microscopy; nanoparticle analyzer, zeta potential measurement, electrochemical analyzer, flow cytometry, spectroscopic techniques including spectrophotometer, spectro-fluorimeter.
- 4. Cell counting and cell viability study of a non-adherent cell (Hepatocyte) culture.
- 5. Study of cell and nanoparticle interaction (video demonstration).
- 6. Antibacterial studies of nanoparticles by MIC method.
- 7. Assessing cytotoxicity of nanoparticles by MTT.
- 8. Isolation of DNA and demonstration of apoptosis by DNA fragmentation.
- 9. Nano microbial degradation of various xenobiotics (e.g. pesticides, organochlorines, pyrethroids, PAH).

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Kesharwani, P., Singh, K. K. (Eds) (2021) Nanoparticle Therapeutics: Production Technologies, Types of Nanoparticles, and Regulatory Aspects; Academic Press Inc.
- 2. Kenneth E. Gonsalves, Craig R. Halberstadt, Cato T. Laurencin, Lakshmi S. Nair, (Eds) (2008) "Biomedical Nanostructures" Wiley-Interscience, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

10 hrs

4 hrs

- 3. Niemeyer, C.M (2006) Nanobiotechnology: Concepts Applications and Perspectives; Wiley VCH.
- 4. Ralph S. Greco, Fritz B. Prinz, R. Lane Smith Eds. (2005) Nanoscale Technology inBiological Systems, CRC PRESS, Taylor & Francis.

Suggestive readings

- 1. Stroeve, P and Mahmoudi (2018) Drug Delivery Systems, World Scientific Series: From Biomaterials towards Medical Devices, Vol I.
- 2. Hillery, and Anya M et al. (2010 "Drug Delivery and Targeting", CRC Press.
- 3. Hong-fan, M, Huang, C.P., Bland, A. E., Honglin, W. Z., Sliman, R., Wright, I (2010)Enviro-nanotechnology; Elsevier.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-16): Forensic Biology Zoo-GE-15

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title& Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite of
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		the course
Forensic Biology Zoo-GE-16	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Biology/ Biotechnology	

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to introduce the concept of forensic biology and DNA analysis.
- to identify and analyse the crime scene for biological evidence.
- to familiarize the students about the scientific methods in forensic biology.
- to emphasis on the practical techniques of biological principles that includessample recovery, sample handling, different analytical techniques and DNA profile comparison.
- to highlight the importance and application of forensic science.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- Comprehend the fundamentals of forensic biology and DNA analysis.
- better understand the concepts of proper collection and preservation of biological.
- exhibits and crime scene investigation of biological evidence.
- rationalize the significance of criminal profiling.
- Develop skills based on the practical techniques of biological principles that includes sample recovery, sample handling, different analytical techniques and DNA profile comparison.

SYLLABUS OF GE-16

UNIT-1: Principles of DNA Forensics and DNA Typing

Definition and fundamental concepts of forensic biology, DNA as biological blueprint of life, Structure of DNA, collection of DNA sample, extraction, profiling, restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP), polymerase chain reaction (PCR), short tandem repeat markers, single nucleotide polymorphism markers (SNP), determination of ethnicity, determination of physical appearance, determination of personality traits, mitochondrial DNA, RNA and DNA database. Result interpretation.

UNIT-2: Parentage Testing

Principles of heredity, genetics of paternity, DNA testing in disputed paternity, Mendelian laws of parentage testing.

UNIT- 3: Biological Evidence

Nature and importance of study of biological evidences in crime cases:

a) Forensic examination of hair: Transfer, persistence and recovery of hair evidence, Structure of human hair, Comparison of hair samples, Morphology and biochemistry of human hair.

b) Comparison of human and animal hair.

c) Identification of wild life materials such as skin, fur, bones, nails, horn, teeth, plants, plant parts and products by conventional and modern methods, Identification of Pug marks of various animals

d) Types and identification of microbial organisms of forensic significance

e) Forensic odontology: structural variation in teeth (human and non-human), types of teeth and their functions, determination of age from teeth: eruption sequence, Gustafson's method, dental anomalies, their significance in personal identification.
Bites marks: Forensic significance, collection and preservation of bite marks, photography and evaluation of bite marks, Lip prints in forensic investigations.

UNIT- 4: Forensic Importance of Body fluids

Blood: Composition and functions, Collection and preservation of blood evidence, Distinction between human and non-human blood, Determination of blood groups; Forensic characterization of bloodstains, typing of dried stains;

Semen: Forensic significance of semen, Composition, functions and morphology of spermatozoa, Collection, evaluation and tests for identification of semen, Individualization on the basis of semen examination.

Other Fluids: Composition, functions, identification tests and forensic significance of saliva, sweat, milk and urine.

Practical

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. Prepare slides of scale pattern of human hair and examine morphology of hair to determine the species to which the hair belongs.
- 2. Chemical identification of human blood.
- 3. Determination of blood group from fresh and dried blood samples.
- 4. Crime scene Blood Stain Pattern Analysis, using photographs and videos.
- 5. Identification of saliva and urine.
- 6. Separation of amino acids by thin layer chromatography (TLC).
- 7. Case study of evidences based on: DNA finger printing (disputed paternity)/ Bite marks/ Hair.

(60 hrs)

4 hrs

6 hrs

8. Visit to any Forensic Lab/Institute

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Tilstone, W.J., Hastrup, M.L. and Hald, C. (2013) Fisher's Techniques of Crime Scene Investigation, CRC Press, Boca Raton.
- 2. Saferstein, R. (2010) Criminalistics: An Introduction to Forensic Science (10th Edition), Pearson.
- 3. Butler, J.M. (2005) Forensic DNA Typing, Elsevier.
- 4. L. Stryer, (1988) Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 5. Chowdhuri, S. (1971) Forensic Biology, BPRD, New Delhi.

Suggestive readings

- 2. Duncan, G.T. and Tracey, M.I. (1997) Introduction to Forensic Sciences, 2nd Edition, W.G. Eckert (Ed.), CRC Press, Boca Raton.
- 3. Inman K. and Rudin, N. (1997) An Introduction to Forensic DNA Analysis, CRC Press, Boca Raton.

BSc. (Life Science) - Zoology Component (Semester - VI)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE-18 (Zoo-LS-DSC-18):- Basics of Immunology CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		of the course (if any)
Basics of Immunology Zoo-LS-DSC-18	04	02	Nil	02	Passed Class XII with Chemistry/ Biology/ Biotechnology	NIL

Learning Objectives

The learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- to understand the components and functions of immune system of the body.
- to learn how the immune system responds to various infections and foreignsubstances that adversely affect our body.
- to help comprehend the concept of hypersensitivity and vaccines.
- to acquaint the students on the role of immune system in prevention and alteredresponse to diseases.

Learning Outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to

- acquire knowledge of immunogenicity and antigenicity.
- better understand innate and acquired immunity.
- appreciate and analyze the various humoral and cellular components of theimmune system.
- comprehend the role of immune system in health and disease.
- gain knowledge of autoimmunity, immunodeficiency and hypersensitivity.
- have an enhanced understanding of vaccine and vaccination.

SYLLABUS OF DSC- 18

UNIT-1: Immune System and its components

hrs Instructional and clonal selection theory; Innate immunity: components and defensive barriers of innate immunity. Adaptive immune system: Components and attributes of acquired immunity, humoral and cell mediated immunity, active and passive immunity, primary and secondary immune response.

UNIT- 2: Antigens, Immunogens and Antibodies hrs

Antigens and immunogens; antigenicity and immunogenicity; factors affecting immunogenicity; antigenic determinants (B- and T-cell epitopes); concepts of

antigen recognition by B- and T-cells. Structure and function of different classes of antibodies.

UNIT- 3: Antigen Processing and Presentation

hrs Structure and functions of MHC (MHC I & MHC II); endogenous and exogenous pathways of antigen processing and presentation.

UNIT- 4: Cytokines & Complement System

hrs Properties and functions of cytokines; Pathways of complement activation and its biological consequences.

UNIT- 5: Role of immune system in Prevention of Diseases

hrs Gell and Coomb's classification of hypersensitivity; autoimmunity; immune dysfunctions and immunodeficiency with suitable examples. Vaccines and their types.

Practical:

hrs

(Laboratory periods: 15 classes of 4 hours each)

- 1. To study the structure and function of lymphoid organs of the immune system.
- 2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/photomicrographs.

3. To study haematopoiesis and role of cells in immune response through flowchart. 4.To study various types of blood cells using Leishman's/Giemsa/Crystal violet 6

8

4

4

8

60

stained blood smear.

- 5. Cell counting and viability test (trypan blue dye exclusion test) from splenocytes*from rat/mouse/any other species.
- 6. To understand the antigen and antibody interactions by
 - i) ABO Blood group antigen determination by heamagglutination test.
 - ii) Ouchterlony's double immunodiffusion method.
 - iii) Production of monoclonal antibodies by HAT selection.
 - iv) Demonstration of ELISA.
 - v) Demonstration of Immunoelectrophoresis.
 - vi) FACS
 - vii) RIA

7. Project on any topic/ Project report on visit to any research institute/laboratoryto study the immunological techniques

Essential/recommended readings

- 1. Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J. (2006) Immunology, VIEdition, W.H. Freeman and Company
- 2. David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan, R. (2006) Immunology, VII Edition, Elsevier publications.
- 3. Janeway's Immunobiology 9th Edition, by Kenneth Murphy, Casey Weaver, Garland Science
- 4. Kenneth Murphy, Casey Weaver (2016) Janeway's Immunobiology; 9th Edition, Garland Science
- 5. Abbas, K. Abul and Lechtman H. Andrew (2003) Cellular and Molecular Immunology, V Edition, Saunders Publication.

Suggestive readings

1. Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P., Owen, J.A. (2018) Kuby Immunology, VIII Edition, WH Freeman and Company

2. 1. Singh, I. K. and Sharma, P. [Eds.] (2022) An Interplay of Cellular and Molecular Components of Immunology. Taylor & Francis group, CRC Press.

3. Kaur, H., Toteja, R., and Makhija, S. (2021) Textbook of Immunology, I.K International Publishing House and Wiley India Ltd

4. Singh, I. K. and Sharma, P. [Eds.] (2022) Essentials of Immunology, Laboratory Manual; Prestige Publishers.

5. Hay, F.C., Westwood, O.M.R (2005) Practical Immunology– Fifth Edition. John Wiley and Sons Ltd.